THE DAILY CHRONICLE

VOL. II.—No. 299. PHILADELPHIA, WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 16, 1829.

CHARLES ALEXANDER, PUBLISHER, No. 112 CHESNUT STREET, OPPOSITE TO THE POST-OFFICE.—TERMS $8 PER ANNUM, PAYABLE HALF YEARLY IN ADVANCE.

Union Transportation Line,
VIA CHESAPEAKE AND DELAWARE CANAL.
Sloops Union,.....Collins.
——Star,.....Sphers.
——Superior,.....Gale.
——Union,.....Lewis.
——Lafayette,.....Paterson.
——Friendship,.....Levis.

THE Proprietors of the UNION LINE, in addition to forwarding goods by steamboats, via New Castle and Frenchtown, are prepared to forward goods by the Delaware and Chesapeake Canal daily, except Sundays. One of the above sloops will sail every day. Goods sent to the office, Chesnut street wharf, will have Immediate despatch, and at the lowest freights. WM. J. WATSON, Agent.
nov. 2—tf

FARE REDUCED TO $4.

U. S. MAIL COACH for NEW-YORK,
THROUGH in twelve Hours.—The United States' Mail Coach, with a Guard, leaves the Office, No 22 South Third street, daily, at half past 6 o'clock, P. M. via Frankford, Bristol, Trenton, Princeton, Kingston, New Brunswick, Bridge Town, Elizabeth Town, Newark, and Jersey City.
The Public are respectfully informed, that from the experience the proprietors have gone in, in planning on able Horses, good Coaches, and careful Drivers, that this Line for safety and speedy conveyance, is not surpassed by any in the Union.
☞ Specie, Bonds, and Packages of every description, will be taken under the care of the Guard, and promptly delivered at their places of destination.
For seats, apply at the office, No 22 South Third street, opposite Congress Hall; into Judd's Hotel. All baggage at the owner's risk.
GEORGE CARTER,
Agent for J. Reeside & Co. Proprietors.
Private carriages, or 4 horse Coaches, furnished to any part of the United States. sept. 28—tf

Fare Reduced to $2 50, at 12 o'clock,
BY THE CITIZENS' LINE,
For NEW YORK, via Bordentown and New Brunswick.
THE splendid new Steam Boat Philadelphia, Captain Z. W. KELLUM, leaves Arch Street Wharf every day, (Sundays excepted) at 12 o'clock, for Burlington, Bristol, White Hill and Bordentown. Passengers for New York take coaches at Bordentown to New Brunswick, there lodge, and take the superior Steam Boat New York, Capt. G. Jenkins, next morning, and arrive in New York by 10 o'clock. Fare through, $2 50.
N. B. For seats apply at the Steam Boat Office, No. 9 Arch Street, or of the Captain, on board of the Boat, at Arch Street Wharf.
Passengers for Trenton, take coaches at Bordentown. Returning, the Philadelphia leaves Bordentown at half past 6 o'clock, in the morning. nov. 19—tf

FARE $1 50.
UNION LINE FOR NEW YORK.
THE SHORTEST LAND CARRIAGE BETWEEN THE TWO CITIES.
VIA Trenton, Princeton, and New Brunswick.—40 miles land, over a good Gravel Turnpike Road, daily, Sundays excepted, at 7 o'clock, A. M. Bristol, Capt. A. Jenkins, leaves Chesnut street Wharf, at 7 o'clock.
Passengers arrive at New York, by the steamboat Trenton, Capt. A. Bogart, at 5 o'clock P. M. ☞ FARE THROUGH, $1 50. ☜
Passengers for Bristol, take the steamboat Burlington, and arrive the same afternoon.
Fare to Burlington, Bristol, and Bordentown, 25 cents.
To Trenton,.....50 cents.
N. B. The only Line by Trenton, Princeton and New Brunswick. J. VANDEGRIFT, Agent.
nov. 10—tf

Only Morning Line to Baltimore.
NO LAND CARRIAGE.
Citizens' Canal Line of Steamboats & Barges, between Philadelphia and Baltimore.
THE new superior steamboat WM. PENN, Capt. J. P. Jeffries, leaves Arch street wharf every morning, (Sundays excepted,) at 7 o'clock, for Baltimore.
Passengers by this line, pass through the Canal, on board of splendid barges, warm and commodious, drawn by six horses, in two hours, and arrive in Baltimore early in the evening.
☞ All baggage at the owner's risk.
N. DAVIDSON, Agent,
dec. 7—tf No. 3 Arch street.

STEAM BOAT NOTICE.
UNION LINE TO BALTIMORE,
EVERY DAY, AT 12 O'CLOCK.
THE STEAMBOAT NEWCASTLE will leave Chesnut street wharf every day, at 12 o'clock, for Baltimore, until the navigation is obstructed by ice.
Passengers by this Line will arrive next morning at an early hour, and in time for any of the Southern or Western conveyances. Fare through only $4.
The Morning Line is discontinued for the remainder of the season. dec. 5—tf

Ohio and Mississippi Steam Packets.
THE following Boats will ply regularly during the ensuing season, between NEW ORLEANS, LOUISVILLE and intermediate Ports, carrying freight and passengers, upon the most reasonable terms:—
Uncle Sam, Captain Hulbert,.....500 tons.
Brandywine,.....Gordon.....500
Caledonia,.....Kennell.....370
Philadelphia,.....Vail.....350
Amazon,.....M'Gregor.....350
Mohican,.....Findran.....350
Daniel Boone,.....Lansdale.....370
Cavalier,.....Wilson.....200
These boats are of the first class, and commanded by experienced men. It is intended to despatch three per week from New Orleans, by which Shippers will avoid delay, and being able to designate the boats, effect insurance upon the best terms. The Subscribers, as agents, will receive and forward goods to any port upon the Ohio or Mississippi Rivers.
YOREE, MACALESTER & CO.
Commission Merchants, New Orleans.
For further information apply to
MACALESTER & YOREE,
nov. 13—tf No. 8 Minor Street.

TRAVELLERS
Leaving this city with their families or parties, can be accommodated with extra Post Coaches, first rate teams, and careful, sober and attentive drivers, to any part of the United States. Please apply to the subscriber, at the U. S. Mail Coach office, No. 22 South Third street.
JAMES REESIDE.
sept. 30—tf

GEORGE COOPER.
COAL GRATE AND FENDER STORE,
No. 14 North Sixth street.
THE subscriber respectfully informs the public that he has commenced business in the above line, and intends to keep on hand a variety of articles in the above line, at moderate prices.
N. B. Sheet Iron Coal Stoves.
oct. 13—3m

HOUSEKEEPER'S MANUAL.
JUST published and for sale by JOHN GRIGG, No. 9 North Fourth Street, The Cook's Oracle and Housekeeper's Manual; containing receipts for Cookery, and directions for Carving, with a complete system of Cookery for Catholic Families. By William Kitchiner, M. D. Adapted to the American Public, by a Medical Gentleman. dec. 10—6t

Mercantile Library Lectures.

JUDGE HOPKINSON will deliver his second Lecture on Thursday evening, 17th instant, at half past seven o'clock, at the Franklin Institute. Tickets for the course (to consist of not less than ten lectures) may be had of the Librarian, at the Mercantile Library, at the Bar of the Coffee House, and at Uriah Hunt's Book Store, 147 Market street.

Price for the course, to members of the Mercantile Library,	$1 50
To other this members,	2 00
For a single lecture	50

dec. 14—tf

University of Pennsylvania.

COLLEGIATE DEPARTMENT.

THE public examination of the College Classes, on the studies of the first term of the present year, will be commenced on Tuesday, the 15th inst. at 9 o'clock, A. M. and will be continued in the following order:—

SENIOR CLASS.—Tuesday, the Provost, Professors Adrain and Wylie. Wednesday, Professor Beche.
JUNIOR CLASS.—Wednesday, Professor Adrain.—Thursday, Professors Wylie and Rutledge. Friday, Professor Beche.
SOPHOMORE CLASS.—Friday, Professor Adrain. Saturday, Professors Wylie and Rutledge.
FRESHMAN CLASS.—Monday, Professors Adrain, Wylie, and Rutledge.
ALEXANDER DALLAS BACHE,
dec. 12—4t Sec. Faculty of Arts.

THE CHEAPEST CLOTHING STORE,
At the S. E. corner of Market & Third sts.
WHERE may be had at a rate below the usual price, the following, among other articles:—

Blue dress Coats,	Congress and Diplom ad
Black do. do.	Wrappers,
Brown Cassimeres,	British Silk Vests,
Green riding Coats,	French do. do.
Drab New Markets,	Buff Cas. Vests,
Hoskin Gloves,	Fine Linen Collars,
Flannel Shirts,	Buckskin Gloves,
Lambs' Wool Half Hose,	Smoke Dress Coats,
Angola do. do.	Do. Ponchos,
Muslin Drawers,	Drab Bang-ups,
Blue black Velvet Vests,	Black Cas. Vests,
Jet do.	Drab Cas. Trowsers,
Spitalfield Silks, containing	Fancy Marseilles Vests,
thereon the latest London	Satin Cravats,
caricatures,	Muslin Shirts,
Flag Silks,	Do. with linen collars,
Congress Stocks,	Brown Cassimeres,
Military do.	Black Circassian Vests,
First premium brown satinet,	Blue round Jackets,
Do. Mixtures do.	Black silk Stocks, with red
Fancy vest Buttons, by the	and colored borders,
doz. or gross,	Blue Cassimere Trowsers,
Elegant fancy Vests of Velvet	Steel mixed Pantks,
Valencia, a new and fashion-	Black Silk half Hose,
able article,	Quaker Flannel Drawers,
Woodstock Gloves,	Fleshing Great Coats,
Beaver do.	Autumn Drab Pants,
Bronze dress Coats,	Wadding,
Olive Bang-ups,	Velvet Pants,
Farmers' Grey Cassimeres,	Cordurel round Jackets,
Oxford mixed Bang-ups,	Fine Sabra half Hose,
Fenland Hdkfs.	Pearl Coat Buttons,
Black drab Coats,	First quality patent rider Suspenders,
Navarino Frocks,	Silk Cords half Hose,
Green Cassimeres,	Black Cas. Pants,
Black Cloth Trowsers,	Steel mixed Cassimeres,
White Marseilles Vests,	Gilbert Frocks,
Fine Linen Shirts,	Black Circassian Cassimeres,
Undress round Jackets,	White silk half Hose,
Fawn colored Cas. Pants,	Imperial Floor Cloth,
Bement and black straps for	Blue Silk Vests,
Trowsers,	Blue Cas. Pants,
White Cravats,	Satinet round Jackets,
Green Bang-ups,	Velvet round Jackets,
Mixed Cas. Sashes,	Olive drab Cloth,
Swanskin Drawers,	Cravat Ribbons,
Best eight-Valencia Vests,	Dissecting Aprons,
Green drab Coats,	Super Turkey red and brown
Black Satinet Hdkfs.	Hdkfs.
Do. French do.	Extra rich gilt coat Buttons,
Bang-up Cord Pants,	Super Zebra mixed Silk Hose,
Corduroy do.	German Gloves,
Light Mixture Trowsers,	

Camblet and Tartan Plaid CLOAKS, together with an assortment of Superior Travelling Trunks.
☞ Also, for sale cheap, one good Eight Day Clock, in good order.
Gentlemen who are disposed to economise in the otherwise expensive articles of Clothing, will do well to apply before purchasing elsewhere.
N. B. A small quantity of Second Class Hats.
nov. 10—tf

MERINO CLOTHS.
RECENTLY received from auction, a large assortment of MERINO CLOTHS, plain and twilled, of various widths and qualities; together with super white Merino Long Shawls; scarlet Merino Long do. an excellent article; and super black Merino do. do. extra size, with rich borders; likewise, 6-4, 7-4 and 8-4 white Merino square Shawls, with rich wool borders; 6-4, 7-4 and 8-4 scarlet Merino do. do. much lower than any other former lots ever offered in this city at retail; 3-4 to 8-4 black Merino do. do. of every quality in the market, with beautiful borders; together with blue, green, and yellow Merino square shawls, with various borders, and among which are some worked with palms all over the centre, and entirely with wool.—Cashmere long Shawls, of every color and size, an excellent article, borders worked entirely with silk; square Cashmere Shawls, scarlet, blue, black, &c.; 7-4 Chilian Shawls, blue and scarlet colors, Thibet, Prussian, &c. &c. Blue, green, olive, brown, black and drab Broad Cloths, of various qualities; grey and Oxford mixed do. do.; blue and black Cassimeres; super premium, brown and golden mixed Cassinetts, &c.; gentlemens' silk Cravats, white and figured, a very fashionable, and entirely new article; black do. with various borders; purple do. do.; Book and British Mull Muslins, demi Cambrics, &c.; Merino Circassians, of every color and quality; Rombazines, jet and blue-black; Norwich Crapes; Nankeen do.; Italian do.; black Lace Veils, of every quality, among which are some extra heavy; Calicoes of all qualities, from common to super, yard wide; French Chintz, dressed in oil, with Turkey red, grounds, &c., being, probably, the largest assortment of the article in any retail store in the city; Blankets, from 4 point, to super 14-4 Ross, white, red, yellow, and cream Swansdown, Merino and Welsh Flannels; ladies' real Merino Hose, a very scarce article; lambs' wool do.; black and mixed, plain and ribbed worsted Hose; Hoskin Gloves, of all qualities and colors; super rich Silk Velvets, for Vests; rich Brocade Silks, Gro' de Naples, &c. Additional—just received from auction, ladies' Work Boxes, Bread Pins, and Finger Rings, set with Pearls and Rubies; all of which will be warranted; Musical Boxes, Chains, Seals, Keys, Bead Purses, Guard Chains, Silver Thimbles and Pencils, &c. &c., together with a general assortment of Dry Goods, in the fancy and staple line, for sale by
WM. SAPPINGTON,
dec. 10—tf S. W. corner of 9th & Market sts.

Fashionable Clothing Store.
SELLING OFF.
THE subscriber returns his grateful thanks to his friends and the public, for the patronage heretofore bestowed on him, and has the pleasure of informing them that he has now on hand an extensive assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and VESTINGS, of the most fashionable patterns and colours, which he will make to order in the neatest manner.
Also, a very large assortment of ready made Clothing, consisting of French Coats, Dress Coats, Bangup do., Coatees, Pantaloons and Vests, Shirts and Bosoms, &c. all of which he will sell at very low prices for cash; wishing to dispose of all his stock in the course of two months, those that wish good bargains will do well to call at his establishment, No. 153½ South FRONT STREET, Drawbridge, and examine for themselves. S. DEWEES.
N. B. Persons owing bills more than 12 months, will please call and pay the same, or legal steps will be taken without further notice. dec. 7—eott

☞ DAY AFTER TO-MORROW.
THE Drawing of the 14th Class Union Canal Lottery, will take place in this city, the day after to-morrow. Capital Prizes, $30,000, two of 10,000, two of 5000, &c. &c. Tickets Nine Dollars, shares in proportion—can be had at the Farmers' and Mechanics' Lottery Office, No. 72 South Third street, one door below Dock. Where has been sold, within two weeks, 5, 43, 43, the capital prize of $20,000; 12, 18, 42, 6000; 2, 20, 42, 2500; 27, 30, 56, 2025; 16, 32, 35, 1868; 3, 12, 38, 1250; 21, 30, 31, 1000; 18, 13 32, 1000; 11, 41, 50, 1000, besides several of 600, 500, 400, &c. &c.
A. M. NUTT.
dec. 15—2t

The Memento for 1830.
JUST published and for sale by J. GRIGG, No. 9 North Fourth street, The Memento; or Lady and Gentleman's Diary for 1830.
dec. 15—4t

JUST PUBLISHED,
THE GASKET FOR DECEMBER,
EMBELLISHED with a fine portrait of CHRISTOPHER COLUMBUS, Views of Castle Garden, N. Y., and Goodwin's Falls, an elegant Embossed Title Page for the Volume, and MUSIC.
CONTENTS.—Biographical Sketch of Christopher Columbus; To the Autumn Leaf, W. G. C.; Biography of Gen. Anthony Wayne, continued; The Indian Trader; The Letter; Dishonest Bankers; Christmas and Bonaparte; Amy Ingsworth; Fashionable Marriages; Goodwin's Falls, N. Y.; Castle Garden, N. Y.; Stereoscopic Glasses; The Subalterns; The Widow's Bed; Establishment of New York; Wit and Sentiment; Music, "O! give me back my Amelia Steed."
POETRY.—Saturday Night at Sea, E. A. M.; Our greatest Boon, Contrition Old; yes, I'll ever remember her, Roland; Lover's Soliloquy, Carlos; The Wanderer's Bride, Wilder; When from this glowing Heart, H. D. G.; Love and Hope; Maria; Fancy; Peace; Smiles and Tears, W. F. Morris; O! where's the Pleasure now, J. H. B.; To a Lady, Arcole; The Nuptial Convent, Willy; Impromptu on a Tear, S.; Dogman, &c.
Price $2 50 a year—single Nos. 25 cents. Published monthly, by S. C. ATKINSON,
dec. 12—tf No. 118 Chesnut street.

INFORMATION WANTED,
OF ISAAC BEELIGSON, who left Philadelphia sometime in May last, and has not since been heard of, is about 23 years of age, full face, dark hair, with a cast in his left eye; had with him a quality of Dry Goods, his wagon body green with an oil cover, at that time had a brownish horse, he was last heard from at Lewistown, Penn. August 12. Any one that has seen him since that period, would relieve the anxiety of his parents by addressing M. Beeligson, No. 109 North Second street, Philadelphia. dec. 15—3t

LETTERS TO YOUNG LADIES.
JUST published and for sale by JOHN GRIGG, No. 9 north Fourth street, Letters to a Young Lady on a variety of useful and interesting subjects, calculated to improve the heart, to form the manners, and enlighten the understanding.
"That our Daughters may be as polished corners of the Temple."
By the Rev. John Bennett. dec. 15—4tt

INFORMATION.
THE subscriber respectfully informs the public, and more particularly the adventurers, that Messrs. Yates & Mednyre have appointed next Thursday, 17th inst. on the day when will be drawn the Union Canal Lottery, containing the prize of thirty thousand dollars. For tickets and shares, application should be made to 204 South Third street.
dec. 15—tf S. SYLVESTER.

MEMENTO FOR 1830.
JUST received and for sale by E. L. CAREY & A. HART, corner of Fourth and Chesnut, The Memento; or Lady's and Gentleman's Diary for 1830.
Also, Lafayette in America; With Ten Weeks' Memoirs of Arthur Lee; Life of Shakspeare; Moore's Sketches of Irish Character; Greenwood's Guide; Cook's Oracle; Adelaide; The Sacrifice; The Sylph; The Pocket-Me-Not; The Isle; The Literary Souvenir; The Elfin; Mother's Wreath; Friendship's Offering; Amulet; New Year's Gift; Juvenile Pocket-Me-Not; Talbot; Atlantic Souvenir; Pearl; Youth's Keepsake; Lady's Library; Gentleman's Library for 1830.
dec. 16—tf

GOLD VERGE WATCHES.
JUST received from London, an assortment of the above very and splendid article, suitable either for visiting or invitations.
Also, superior NOTE PAPERS, plain or lined.
JOHN McKEWAN, Jr.
66 Chesnut Street.
☞ Visiting Cards Engraved and Printed.
dec. 15—tf

ATLANTIC SOUVENIR, 1830.
PUBLISHED this day and for sale by GEORGE W. DONOHUE, No. 190 South Second street, the Atlantic Souvenir, for 1830, splendidly bound in embossed leather, with gilt leaves, and 12 highly finished engravings on steel, by the first Artists.
oct. 21—dtf

Eastern District of Pennsylvania, to wit:
BE it remembered that, on the fifth day of December, in the fifty-fourth year of the Independence of the United States of America, A. D. 1829, THOMAS T. ASH, of the said district, has deposited in this office the title of a book the right whereof he claims as proprietor, in the words following, to wit:
Emma Mortimer, a Moral Tale. By Mrs. Hughs, author of "Aunt Mary's Tales," "Ornaments Discovered," "Metamorphosis," &c.
In conformity to the Act of the Congress of the United States, entitled, "An Act for the Encouragement of Learning, by securing the Copies of Maps, Charts, and Books, to the Authors and Proprietors of such Copies, during the times therein mentioned"—And also to the Act, entitled "An Act supplementary to an Act, entitled "An act for the Encouragement of Learning, by securing the Copies of Maps, Charts and Books, to the Authors and Proprietors of such Copies during the times therein mentioned," and extending the benefits thereof to the arts of designing, engraving, and etching historical and other prints.
D. CALDWELL,
Clerk of the Eastern District of Pennsylvania.
dec. 11—law4t

December Term, 1829—Common Pleas.
Harriet Aitken, by her next friend, Jos. W. Lehman, vs. John Aitken, jr. } Alias sub. sur. Libel for Divorce.
JOHN AITKEN, Jr. you are hereby notified, pursuant to an Alias Subpœna, by me returned Non est inventus to December Term, Common Pleas, 1829, that you be and appear before the Judges of our Court of Common Pleas, for the City and County of Philadelphia, at the said court, to be held the first Monday of March next, at the County Court House, in the said city, to answer the Libel of your wife, Harriet Aitken, praying for a divorce from the bonds of matrimony. GEORGE REES, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Philadelphia, Dec. 11, 1829.—12-law4w

December Term—Common Pleas.
Jacob Johnson, vs. Harriet Johns } Alias sub. sur. Libel for Div.
HARRIET JOHNSTON, you are hereby notified, pursuant to an Alias Subpœna, by me returned, Non est inventus, to December Term, Common Pleas, 1829, that you be and appear before the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas, for the City and County of Philadelphia, at the said Court, to be held the first Monday of March next, at the County Court House, in the said City, to answer the Libel of your husband, Jacob Johnson, praying for a Divorce from the bonds of matrimony. GEORGE REES, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Philadelphia, Dec. 11, 1829.—12-law4w

TEESE & CO.
INFORM the public that they have taken one of the splendid stores, Nos. 36 and 37, in the Arcade, and that they intend to keep HATS made of the best materials and workmanship that can be obtained—and that they intend to sell their work lower than any other Hat Store in this city. The difference in the rent between our Store and the other Hat stores in this city, will enable us to sell our hats from $1 to 1 50 lower than the other Hat Stores. Some of the Hat Stores in this city are paying 12, 13, and 14 hundred dollars rent, and we get our store for one hundred—and if our work does not wear as well as we say it will, we will make any deduction required. We are determined to establish our store in the Arcade if it can be done by good work and low prices. We invite the public to call and examine our work. We intend to pay particular attention to the latest fashions—and have now in store, hats of every quality, of the latest Philadelphia, New York, and London Fashions, which are ready for sale.
HATS of every shape and quality can be made at the shortest notice, as we manufacture our hats in this city. The highest price given for old hats in exchange for new ones—(economy is wealth.) All who wish to save a dollar on the purchase of a new hat, will please to call as above. nov. 27—3m.

THOMAS T. HOGG & CO.
SIGN PAINTERS,
AND IMITATORS OF WOOD, &C.
NOS. 32 & 33 ARCADE.
july 28—tf

PITTSBURGH GLASS.
FOR SALE, by the Subscribers, in whole and half boxes, a quantity of various sizes, which will be sold at the lowest cash prices, to close a consignment.
aug. 7—tf NORTH & WARRIN.

BIRDS.

THE CUCKOO.

Why let thee always welcome, lovely bird?
—The hours grow young again when I am heard;
You, in my double note the magic lies,
Bid in the fields and woods, the streams and skies.

THE WREN.

Wren, you're thou square into a hole too small?
—Age with mine young feet too, and room for all;
Go, compass sea and land, in search of bliss—
Find, if you can, a happier home than this.

THE CANARY.

Once thou not inquisit for thy native land,
Modern's fragrant woods and billowy strand?
—My cage is fatherland, enough for me;
Your parlour all the world—heaven, earth, and sea.

THE OWL.

Blue-eyed, stringer-eared, sharp-beak'd, Minerva's fowl,
What art thou?
—What I ought to be—an Owl;
But if I'm such a stranger to your eye,
You're a much greater fright to mine—good bye!

THE PHEASANT.

Proudest, brightest the country—come to town;
I'll warrant thou a place beneath the crown.
—No, not to rest upon the throne, would I
Renounce the woods, the mountains, and the sky.

THE HAWK.

A life at every twist, repentant Hawk?
Brave helpless innocence!
—Truth—pleasant talk!
You narrow snaps more lives up in a day,
Than in a twelvemonth I count take away.
But hark, most gentle crooer, in your ear
A word, a whisper,—you—are yet quite clear!
Creation's groans, through ocean, earth, and sky,
Ascend from all that walk, and swim, and fly.

THE HUMMING-BIRD.

Art thou a bird, or bee, or butterfly?
—Each, and all thrust a bird in shape are I;
A bee, collecting sweets from bloom to bloom;
A butterfly, in brilliancy of plume.

From a late English Paper.

POLICE COURT, Oct. 30.

CLEMENTS V. MONAT.

This was an action brought by the plaintiff, who keeps an academy, called Prospect-house, Stoke Newington, to recover from the defendant the sum of 20l. 6s., being for two quarter's board and education of his two sons, James and John. As the defendant acknowledged that he owed the plaintiff for one quarter, and had tendered the amount, that was not the subject of dispute; and as he had given notice of a set-off to the amount of 8l. odd, for goods sold and delivered to the plaintiff, he had paid into Court the difference, which was 5l. 5s.

There was a written agreement between the parties, which was to the following purport:—"That the plaintiff was to board and educate the defendant's two sons according to the terms of a prospectus circulated by plaintiff; that they were to have washing, books, stationery, a coat in the church, and haberdashery, but not to be taught music, dancing, or drawing, for 50l. a year, and that in case either party was dissatisfied, one quarter's notice should be given." It appeared that, at the end of the past year, or January, 1829, the defendant again took his sons to the plaintiff's school, and left them with him, and that shortly after, or about the beginning of February, one of the defendant's sons (James) was, for some alleged misconduct, together with another boy of the name of Arthur Owen, flogged with a cane in the public school by the plaintiff, in consequence of which they both, together with Owen's brother, ran home to their parent's house. The defendant finding his son strongly marked by the weapon of infliction, kept him at home for some days, and then sent for his son John, who brought home with him a piece of pudding, to show his parents what kind of food they had at school. A few days afterwards, it appeared that the defendant returned with his two sons to the plaintiff's school, and there, in the presence of a witness, gave positive directions that his boys should not receive corporal punishment either for what they had done or what they might do; that he objected to it entirely; but to increased lessons, or confinement, &c. he would by no means object; and in consequence of some information communicated to him, on his leaving the school, he gave to one of his sons a note for the plaintiff, in case he attempted to resume the corporal punishment against which he had protested.—When the defendant retired, however, the plaintiff, on the boy's coming into the school, ordered him to stand on the form, and was about to inflict corporal punishment, when the boy produced the father's note to the plaintiff, with directions not to do so. This was read aloud; when the plaintiff said that as defendant desired him not to beat him with a cane, he would comply with that, but that he would birch him.—One of the scholars was then desired to bring a birch and some brine, which last was brought in a dish, and the birch lay steeped in the brine for an hour. Both the defendant's son and Arthur Owen, had then their clothes stripped off, and they were flogged with the birch steeped in the brine upon their bare backs. The defendant hearing of this, went to the school and there learned that his other son, John, had, about five minutes before his arrival, been flogged with a cane by the plaintiff in the public school, for some other alleged misconduct, upon which the defendant took both his boys away from the school; and it was for the board and education of this quarter, as the defendant had not given a quarter's notice, that the plaintiff now brought his action.

Mr. FLANAGAN (for the defendant) proceeded to detail the facts and circumstances as they had been generally stated on the outline of the case, and then observed to the Jury that they would perceive that this was a demand, not for board and education actually furnished by the plaintiff to the defendant's sons,—not for any actual value which he had given,—not for any real loss which he had suffered,—but for a supposed breach of a certain agreement, and a mere suppositious loss of pupils, whom, in his declaration, he says, he might have had if he had received timely notice of the boys being to be removed from his school. Whether the plaintiff had, by his conduct to the defendant's children, entitled him to presume that he has suffered a loss by his supposition of an influx of new pupils, which has not taken place, Mr. Flanagan observed that the gentlemen of the jury would that day decide by their verdict; for undoubtedly, if the subjecting of his pupils to ignominious punishment on the most trivial pretences,—if the application of the most cruel, brutal, unmanly, and ignominious torture for an offence, or rather an act, which to a man conscious of not having given any just grounds for its commission would rather have excited laughter than revenge,—if such an unnatural, wanton, and peevish exercise of authority, can recommend a schoolmaster or the keeper of an academy to the protection and support of the English public,—if fathers and mothers will be induced to replenish the plaintiff's school, and give him an increased supply of scholars upon those grounds,—then, certainly, Mr. Clements, the plaintiff, had a right to make this supposed claim for the probable loss which he says he has encountered.—I think, said Mr. Flanagan, that I have the good fortune of addressing some fathers of families, and without making a more forcible appeal to their parental feelings than the bare repetition of the facts warrant me, what is the exchange? Let any parent, even of the most blunted feelings, however attached to the old saw "of spare the rod and spoil the child,"—let even such a father fancy himself opening the plaintiff's school-room door, and see a lad of 12 or 13 years of age, stripped naked, (I may say in a public school-room,) where, perhaps, near a hundred youths are collected, the miserable spectators of this diabolical scene—let him stop but a moment to see the horrible apparition of a rod just after being steeped in the brine purposely prepared for the occasion, and this plaintiff-executioner, deaf to the cries and bewildered of the unhappy sufferer, belabouring him with this cruel scourge. I ask, is not this unseemly spectacle of itself sufficient to arouse the indignation of any humane mind, were the sufferer not in the slightest degree known to or connected in you—say, the child of the greatest enemy you had in the world? But advance another step, and suddenly discover that your own son is the disgraced victim of the executioner's brutality! The law says, that if you find a man in the act of adultery with your wife, and that you draw your sword and plunge it into his body, it is but mere manslaughter; and Mr. Flanagan emphatically put it to the jury, if any feeling parent under the circumstances he had described, was to find his child under such all inhuman monster's hands, and had instantly despatched him with a club or a pistol, whether he would not have the sympathies of all good men upon his side. Gentlemen, after this, I shall not harrow up your feelings by dwelling longer upon this most disgusting and appalling scene. But can you imagine in produces more hardened, affectionately more unblushing, than for this man to come into a Court of Justice to demand retribution for his acts of cruelty? "My acquaintance is," Mr. Flanagan added, "how it has happened that the defendant has not either indicted him for this cruel assault, or brought his action. I do believe that there are no damages, however large, which the defendant might demand, that would not be promptly and cheerfully given by a jury in such a case." Mr. Flanagan then shortly recapitulated the grounds upon which he treated he had maintained, not the propriety, but the indispensable necessity which the defendant felt himself under of immediately removing his children from the plaintiff's school without giving the three months' notice, which, under ordinary circumstances, he was bound to give.

The Judge summed up the case with great impartiality. He told the Jury, that although there was in this case a written agreement that three months' notice should be given previous to removing a boy from the school, yet, undoubtedly, cases might present themselves, in which even that agreement might be dispensed with. Whether this was one of those cases, it was the peculiar province of the Jury to determine.

The Jury, after some consultation, returned a verdict for the plaintiff—Damages 14l.

FROM ENGLISH JOURNALS.

DETERMINED SUICIDE.—About half past eleven o'clock on Saturday morning, a suicide of a most distressing description, which through the day attracted immense crowds in the front of the house where the melancholy event took place, was perpetrated at the Bell's Head public house, at the end of Petticoat-lane, Whitechapel. A young man, having the appearance of an artisan, rushed into the shop of Mr. Goodrich, a baker, in High-street, and, snatching a large carving-knife which lay on the counter, returned into the street, and, darting into the Bull's Head, hurried by the bar along a passage, and ran up stairs. Mrs. Paisley, the wife of the proprietor, who was at the time from home, observing him, called out to the lad to follow him, and see what he wanted. The boy obeyed her directions, and scarce had he got into the upper apartments, when he perceived the wretched man lying on the floor, with his head nearly severed from his body, and weltering in gore, with the weapon with which he committed the fatal deed lying by his side, after dropping from his powerless grasp. Life was not quite extinct at the time, but from the determined manner in which he accomplished his deadly purpose, and the extent of the wound, many moments did not elapse ere it was—so expeditious was he in effecting his purpose, though Mr. Goodrich, on seeing him take up the knife, followed him with all rapidity; yet, before he could overtake him, the act was accomplished. To preserve the peace of the neighbourhood, it was found necessary to call in the assistance of the constables, under whose directions the body was removed to the parochial workhouse. The deceased was quite unknown, and had nothing about him by which his identity could be ascertained.

DRURY LANE THEATRE.

Snakes in the Grass.—A new comic piece, in two acts, having the above title, was produced here on Tuesday evening, with decided, though not quite unmingled success. It is by Mr. Buckstone, the Adelphi actor; and we are happy to testify, that it exhibits very considerable tact and ingenuity; which, however, have been exerted on a disagreeable subject, and consequently with an effect on the spectator in which dissatisfaction is necessarily mingled. No talent in the writer of a play on such a subject, could have produced an entirely gratifying result; and it evinces much ingenuity to have escaped so well from it as Mr. Buckstone has done. Mr. and Mrs. Janus are two persons, the sole business and pleasure of whose lives is to set their friends and acquaintances together by the ears, under pretence of serving and assisting them in any little (or great) emergencies, that events of domestic life may bring about. All the rest of the dramatic persons are but so many instruments, brought together for no earthly purpose but that of being played upon by these accomplished composers of musical discords. We have them in regular sets, too—two couple of young people, and two of old ones—the former the parents of the latter, and all the eight—fathers, mothers, lovers, mistresses, and all—subjected, from the beginning to the end of the piece, to the tender mercies of these domestic torturers. The studiously disagreeable choice of subject, and the still more studiously artificial manner in which it is treated throughout, are the two great defects of the piece—which can never be a favourite with the town, because the impressions which it leaves on the spectator, are decidedly such as he would rather have missed than found. This probably will account to Mr. Buckstone, for the very noticeable mixture of disapprobation which the close of the piece called forth—and this, notwithstanding poetical justice is done to all parties in the end. In all other respects, however, the work is one of considerable skill and merit; and it is especially valuable, in indicating what we may hereafter expect from this promising writer.

A correspondent, [illegible] us to insert the receipt for [illegible] impervious to water:—Take of [illegible] ounces; olive oil, four ounces; [illegible] twelve ounces. Dissolve the [illegible] olive oil by gently heating, [illegible] cold, add the turpentine." [illegible] of this mixture to be used [illegible] of the shoes or boots before [illegible] about every second day for [illegible] outside. For ladies' shoes, [illegible] of turpentine may be employed. [illegible] ous olfactory organs, he advises [illegible] the oil of spike lavender to be used [illegible] position, he says, will not only [illegible] at completely impervious to water, but [illegible] pin, and protect it against the [illegible] the fashionable blacknings of the day. [illegible] ticularly recommends it to sporting gentlemen, and those who ride from [illegible] and [illegible]—*Berkshire Chronicle.*

SHAKSPEARE ANTIDOTE.—A [illegible] Most of our playgoing friends are [illegible] the signal for "Macbeth's" entrance, [illegible] tant sound of a drum, on which day [illegible] witches days.

"A drum, a drum!
Macbeth doth come."

Fitzharris (who played some time ago [illegible] garden) was lately executing the part of the [illegible] side, in a barn in Ireland; and, before going on the stage, called to the prompter, "Place my [illegible] with the drum." "By [illegible], we have no drum!" "for it," with." "Sound a tambourine, then." [illegible] did, when one of the witches, who saw the necessity of altering the text, [illegible] equal promptitude and coolness,

"A tambourine, a tambourine,
Macbeth doth come!"

The audience were [illegible] the night was assailed with shouts of laughter on his entrance, and the interest of the piece, [illegible] for some time, totally destroyed by this [illegible] ous infusion of Irish wit.

DREADFUL ACCIDENT AT PENDLEBURY.—A very deplorable accident took place at Pendlebury, on Friday last, by which four individuals lost their lives by the [illegible] death that can be imagined. The [illegible] took place in a coal-pit belonging to Mr. [illegible] Knowles, of Little Bolton. At a depth of about 300 yards from the pit shaft, [illegible] 120 yards deep, there is what is [illegible] ed a fault; that is, a breaking of the [illegible] of coal; and through this fault, which [illegible] pound of coarse gravel, there has been [illegible] the coal was again met with. The boy [illegible] was about their first work, and [illegible] deep, and had been day [illegible] of the fault a length of [illegible] boys, one of the [illegible] Robinson, [illegible] his daughters, about 19 and 16 years of age, were employed to drag the gravel [illegible] filled by him with coal, to the pit shaft. These two children have also lost their lives, [illegible] by where the fault exists, another boy of about the same dimensions was taking up by the [illegible] sufferer, a man named Thomas Carney. About 6 o'clock on Friday morning, the workmen employed in the space between the fault and the pit mouth, were suddenly alarmed by the falling in of a great quantity of gravel and some water from the fault. A sudden rush was made to the pit shaft; but it was soon perceived that the falling-in was confined to the limited length of the fault, and the alarm was, of course, much abated. A muster of the individuals employed in the pit was directly made, when it was discovered that the individuals above-named were missing. Mr. Knowles immediately called together his workmen from three other pits in the neighbourhood, and the whole were set to work in removing the fallen gravel, with as much expedition as the narrowness of the bay would admit; but no more than one man could dig at once, and the rest were placed at intervals the whole length of the distance to the pit mouth, to remove the gravel which he dug. In this way they proceeded a length of 30 yards, when, about three o'clock on Saturday morning, a fresh falling-in of gravel took place, which completely rendered nugatory all their previous exertions; and but for the very hasty escape of the men, would have buried some of them. Finding no possibility of getting at the sufferers by this method, Mr. Knowles directed new cuttings to be made through the coal, from the nearest points to the places where they conceived the bodies lay. This was about eight yards in

an ingenious division of this labour. A file of bees, to the number sometimes of half a dozen, is established from the nest to the moss or grass which they intend to use, the heads of all the file of bees being turned from the nest and towards the material. The last bee of the file lays hold of some of the moss with her mandibles, disentangles it from the rest, and having *corded* it with her fore-legs into a sort of felt or a ball bundle, she pushes it under her body to the next bee who passes it in the same manner to the next; and so on till it is brought to the border of the nest—in the same way as we sometimes see sugar-loves conveyed from a cart to a warehouse by a file of porters throwing them from one to another. The elevation of the dome, which is all built from the interior, is from four to six inches above the level of the field. Beside the moss or grass, they frequently employ coarse wax to form the ceiling of the vault, for the purpose of keeping out rain, and preventing high winds from destroying it. Before this finishing is given to the nest, we have remarked, that on a fine sunshiny day, the upper portion of the dome was opened to the extent of more than an inch, in order, we suppose, to forward the hatching of the eggs in the interior; but, on the approach of night, this was carefully covered in again. It was remarkable, that the opening which we have just mentioned was never used by the bees for either their entrance or exit from the nest though they were all at work there, and of course, would have found it the readiest and easiest passage. But they invariably made their exit and their entrance though the covert-way or gallery which opens at the bottom of the nest, and in some nests, is about a foot long and half an inch wide. This is, no doubt, intended for concealment from field-mice, polecats, wasps and other depredators.—*Insect Architecture; Library of Entertaining Knowledge.*

From a late English Paper.

PRIVATE CORRESPONDENCE.

ROYAL VISIT TO THE POPE.

ROME, Oct. 8.—The dullness which broods in and over the so called Eternal City in the summer and at the beginning of autumn, has been in some degree dispelled by an incident, which, in more than one point of contemplation, may be deemed extraordinary. I allude to the arrival, sojourning, and departure of the King of Naples, a part of his family, and a numerous suite—the whole conveyed in between 30 and 40 carriages!

Having betrothed his fair young daughter to her somewhat near kinsman, the gentle and evergreen Ferdinand of Spain, his doubly Sicilian Majesty has persuaded himself that it would be proper and reasonable to deliver up the bride and Queen Elect with his own hands; and, having provided the necessary funds (including, we may suppose, those for payment of her dowry), the cavalcade is now proceeding towards Madrid, by easy stages.

Apprehensive of impediments upon the road, we quitted Naples two days before the Royal train. They overtook us, however, at Albano, two stages from Rome, and remained there several hours. It is said that his Majesty refused to receive the compliments of the Albanese Authorities and Clergy; but bestowed ten dollars upon the neighbouring Franciscan Friars.

At length, on the evening of the 3d instant, the party safely arrived in Rome, and took up their quarters in the Palace of the Duke of Lucca, a nephew of the King, where they were received by the Neapolitan Ambassador, and by a Prelate appointed by the Pope to compliment their Majesties, reigning, and about to reign, in his Holiness's name.

On the ensuing morning the regal travellers repaired to the Quirinal Palace, in order to pay a first visit to the Pontiff. The interview, which lasted near three quarters of an hour, has been described to the Romans as having been "most moving." This may be, in some respects, true enough; but it is certain that no prostrations or kissings the sacred foot through the velvet slipper were performed, or even attempted on the part of Royalty. Such honors were reserved for the Ladies of Honor and other attendants present. Besides this, you will remember that, during nearly 40 years last past, the Kings of the twain Sicilies have most perversely and unfilially (if there be such a word) refused to pay the annual fine, fee, or tribute, due for the investiture of their antiquated ancestors. His refusal extracts every year from their (would be) liege Lord a public protest in St. Peter's Church. Hence, the interchange of civilities and of terms of kindness between parties in such circumstances may be somewhat moving" to the philosopher, especially if he be a sectarian of Democritus. In the evening, after holding a kind of levee, at which the Corps Diplomatique, the Nobility, Cardinals, and other ecclesiastical dignitaries, presented themselves, to exchange their "choice Italian" for his Majesty's Neapolitan Patois—which, by the bye, he expectorates with native glibness—the party were wheeled to the Mausoleum of Augustus. Be not sanguine—nay, forget Virgil and Albinovanus—and know that this tomb has long been desecrated, and is now profaned by bull baitings, promenades, and exhibitions of fireworks, accompanied by bad music. His Majesty and suite had the good fortune to witness the latter of these amusements.

On the 4th, being his name-day, King Francis received the compliments thereunto pertaining, from all bringers, and, after taking due care to see a procession (of the Rosary) which passed under his windows, repaired, with the other Royal wayfarers, to the Farnese Palace, to partake of a grand dinner prepared by his Ambassador, the Marquis Fuscaldo. The banquet was of 50 covers. In the evening, they stared at the noble illuminations of the façade, colonades, and cupolas of St. Peter's, and afterwards were conducted through the Vatican Museum, which was illuminated for the occasion. We are positively assured, that the satisfaction they evinced upon beholding, and that, too, with "nice discernment," the grand monuments of ancient sculpture was "inexpressible." This day was destined to conclude with an unexpected accession of gratification, by the arrival, late in the evening, of the Duke of Lucca—an event which, as the Romans were informed by authority, "sweetly surprised" the parties concerned. This young gentleman, since he got rid of his mother, got possession of the unfortunate Republic of Lucca, and got a wife and child, has been subject to a lamentable mania of locomotion; and the poor Duchess bitterly complain that his gaddings carry him from his home too much for the revenue he extracts from the toils of an industrious people.

The Holy Father, in the forenoon of the 5th, returned their Majesties' visit, and remained half an hour with them. It is stated that this scene was a "faithful repetition of the most moving one that had taken place two days before in the Papal Palace." Before his departure, however, their Majesties besought his Holiness to admit the Nobility present "to the kiss of the foot," and the Pontiff even vouchsafed, in another room, to bestow the same honour and favour upon the inferior class of their attendants. The early part of the afternoon was employed by their majesties in giving an "additional exemplification of their lofty religiousness." You are no doubt aware that, in a large building situate near the Cathedral of St. John Lateran, there is a chapel "rich in treasures of sacred reliques." To this chapel those who choose it may ascend by a long, and rather steep flight of marble stairs and to have been brought from Pilate's Palace, as they must have been ascended by the REDEEMER. The King, Queens, and their Royal Highnesses took to those steps, and actually clambered up the whole succession, *singulatim et seriatim*, upon their knees! The ladies and courtiers in waiting, followed them of course, and the *ensemble* must have exhibited a kind of crawling procession. After this demonstration of piety, they were driven to a magnificent pavilion to enjoy a horse-race, exhibited in the principal market-place—the Piazza Novana—converted, by the erection of seats upon scaffolding, into a kind of circus or stadium. The *coup d'œil* was very striking; but the races were almost ridiculous, the horses being little better than common hacks, without saddles, and bestridden by unstrained stable boys, who were not even allowed whips. What would be said to this at Epsom or Doncaster? There were, however, three heats, each by a different set of horses. The riders in the first were equipped in imitation of Cossacks; those of the second in the Italian costume of the middle ages; and the third in the Turkish garb. The prize was contended for in a last heat by the winner in each of the preceding ones; and the victorious jockey (if he can claim the title) was presented to the King of the two Sicilies, from whom, we are told, he received a splendid present.

Besides this exhibition, other amusements awaited the Royal Visitors, whose curiosity seems to have been extremely accommodating. At about 10 at night, they were treated to a grand display of fireworks from the Castle or St. Angelo (Hadrian's Tomb)—a spectacle that might have rivalled Vesuvius itself, even when in most ejective mood; and the hard day's work terminated by their occupation of boxes in the Argentina Theatre, to hear a dull and prolix opera, composed by a Neapolitan master, performed by the mediocre singers whom the Roman managers are allowed to force upon the public. They manage, at least this matter, better at Naples; and his Majesty and Co. had, at all events, one opportunity of making a comparison favourable to home.

On the subsequent (last) day, Royal curiosity and discernment were chiefly busied in visiting the churches and the Capitoline Museum. In the latter, the Venus, and the statue erroneously styled the Dying Gladiator, seemed to obtain most attention. At St. Peter's, the young Queen-elect displayed her agility in ascending into the ball which surmounts the dome; and, upon her return, found notice of the auspicious exploit prepared for posterity, in an inscription in a marble tablet that had been affixed during her absence among the clouds.

Yesterday, the day of departure, they paid another, and "moving" visit to the Pontiff, and afterwards, a hurried one to the Borghesian and Albani Villas. At the Porta del Popolo they started, under a salvo from the Papal guns in the Castle of St. Angelo, for Viterbo, where they were to sleep last night; and GOD willing will, this morning, proceed from thence towards Florence.

THE DRAMA.

Theatre—Chesnut Street.

Numerous applications having been received at the Box Office for the production of an American Drama, the Manager begs leave to announce that the Play of THE DISOWNED, which was received with so much approbation last season, as to entitle it to a rank with the most popular English Dramas, will be performed this Evening. The Play of THE DISOWNED, by the same author, is in rehearsal, and will speedily be brought forward.

BOXES 75 cents.—PIT 37½ cents.—GALLERY 25 cents.

This Evening, December 16, 1829.
Will be presented, (first time this season) the Play of
THE DISOWNED;
OR, THE PRODIGALS.
(Written by Richard Penn Smith, Esq. of this City)

Gonsavez St. Felix	Mr. Wood.
Mr. St. Felix	Mr. Jefferson.
Moffert	Mr. Wemyss.
Bertrand	Mr. Rowbotham.
Amelia	Mrs. Wood.
Pauline	Miss Waring.

After which the laughable Farce of
MODERN ANTIQUES;
OR, THE merry MOURNERS.

Old Cockletop	Mr. Kelver.
Jory	Mr. J. Jefferson.
Mrs. Cockletop	Mrs. Turner.
Mrs. Chamomile	Mrs. Roper.
Belinda	Miss Waring.

On Thursday, Mr. HOUPT, of this city, will perform the part of ROLLA, in PIZARRO, being his first appearance on any stage.

In preparation, a New Drama, called the DEFORMED, written by Richard Penn Smith, Esq.

☞ Doors open at 6, and Performance to commence ½ before 7 o'clock.

Philadelphia Theatre—Arch Street.

FIRST NIGHT OF FAUSTUS.
With entire new Scenery, Machinery, Dresses and Decorations and all the Original Music.

This evening, December 16,
Will be presented the Grand Musical and Romantic Drama of
FAUSTUS;

Faustus	Mr. Archer.
Mephistophiles	Mr. Jarvis.
Montkins	Mr. Walton.
Wagner (pupil to Faustus)	Mr. Anderson.
Bianca (1st appearance at this Theatre)	Mr. Durand.
Adine	Miss Pindar.
Lucetta	Mrs. Franklin.

Previous to which will be performed the Farce of
UNCLE GABRIEL.

Boxes, 75 cents—Pit, 37½—Gallery, 25.

Washington Amphitheatre—N. Liberties.

MR. J. STICKNEY'S BENEFIT.

This evening, December 16.

Alonzo, ... Mr. Ricardo.

The evening's Entertainments to commence with HORSEMANSHIP, by Master ROGERS.

HORSEMANSHIP, by Master RAYMOND.

HORSEMANSHIP, by Mr. S. P. STICKNEY, (Who will go through his daring, yet pleasing act of Horsemanship, on Two Horses.

CORDE DE TESTA, by Mons. FORIOSO, who will execute the Wooden Shoe Horn upon the Rope.

The celebrated Equestrian Monkey will appear in the circle, and go through his astonishing act on a Pony 3 feet high!

The Comic Duett of the COAL BLACK ROSE.
Sambo, ... Mr. Carbonell. | Rose ..... Mr. Roberts.

Song, "The Sailor Boy," by JOHN THOMAS.

Comic Song, "Ladies' Poke Bonnets, and Large Bushy Whiskers, are all the Order," by Mr. CALDWELL.

DEVIL AND DR. FAUSTUS.
Dr. Faustus, ... Mr. Bishop. | Devil ..... Mr. Ricardo.

The whole to conclude with the Grand Eastern Spectacle, called
EL HYDER;
OR, LOVE AND BRAVERY.
El Hyder, chief of the Goat Mountains, ... Mr. Thompson.
Harry Gill, an American Midshipman, Mrs. J. Stickney.

Chesnut Street Theatre.—A CARD.

MR. SLOMAN respectfully announces the conclusion of his re-engagement, and that his BENEFIT will take place on SATURDAY next, being the last time he can have the pleasure of appearing before his friends, previous to his engagements at New York and Charleston.

Saturday next, 19th December, 1829,
Will be performed a splendid variety of entertainments, consisting of the sterling Comedy (in which Mrs. Sloman will appear,) of the
PROVOKED HUSBAND;
OR, A JOURNEY TO LONDON.

Lady Townly, (her last appearance)	Mrs. Sloman.
Sir Richard,	Mr. Sloman.

In the course of the evening, Mr. Sloman will sing several New Comic Songs, never before sung by him in this city, including a New Song, dedicated to the Philadelphia Firemen—a copy of which may be obtained on Saturday morning, at the Theatre, or of T. Dealver, Market street.

A New Song, entitled Money is your Friend! Is it not?

A Comic Song—Getting a Living by Dying all day.

George Alexander Stevens' description of a Storm—which will be sung in the drum and character of a shipwrecked Sailor, with an appropriate Sea Scene, ship in distress, &c.

The celebrated Bavarian Broom Girl's Song, called Buy a Broom, arranged as a duett, will be sung by Mr. J. Jefferson and Mr. Sloman, in the character of Dutch Girls.

Recitation and Song—Jerry Blossom's Adventures.

The celebrated song of the Opera Singer.

A very laughable Interlude and a Comic Farce, in which Mr. Sloman will perform.

The whole to conclude with J. Sloman's "Visit to the Stage," in which he will announce when he intends to leave the Stage, and respectfully bid farewell.

Further particulars in future bills.

☞ The Box Book will be open on Friday.

THE DAILY CHRONICLE

PHILADELPHIA:

WEDNESDAY EVENING, DEC. 16, 1829.

The NEW YORK AMERICAN gives, "on the best authority," the following statement relating to a transaction which was differently represented in an article transferred from a MARSEILLES journal into several of ours:—"When in Tripoli, in August last, the Captain of the Fairfield took on board his ship, in the open day, and without any effort at concealment, at the special request of the American Consul, Mr. Coxe, the late Prime Minister of Tripoli, Hassouna de Ghies. Mr. Coxe urged this request in the name of the Pacha—and as this Hassouna was the son of the old Minister of the same name, who had shown much kindness to Americans made prisoners in the former Tripolitan war, the commander of the Fairfield complied the more readily with the request. The motive alleged for Hassouna's departure was some difference between him and the English Consul, and the consequent wish of the Pacha that he should go to England and clear up the business to which end a passage was asked for him on board the Fairfield, to Tunis or Mahon. The Fairfield lay off Tripoli 36 hours after Hassoun was on board; during which time he was visited by the Governor and Second Admiral (speaking English well) who brought him a message from the Pacha, and wished him a good voyage in the name of their master. Hassoun was landed at Mahon; and it was only after that, that the commander of the Fairfield heard, for the first time, an intimation that this Hassoun de Ghies was suspected of being accessary to the murder of Major Laing."

MR. WILLARD's *History of the United States*, of which a second edition has been published by Messrs. WHITE, GALLAGHER and WHITE, of NEW YORK, is offered for sale by Messrs. TOWAR and HOGAN, of this city. The work is designed, as the title page informs us, for the use of schools and private libraries; and has been introduced into many respectable seminaries in NEW YORK and NEW ENGLAND. The first chapter is devoted to a brief sketch of the aborigines; the history of the early settlements and of the colonies before the revolution appears to have been skilfully compiled from the best authorities; and equal care seems to have been employed on the subsequent portion of the work, which concludes with the year 1826.

The volume is an excellently printed octavo, of above four hundred pages.

The history is accompanied by a series of maps, adapted to the several epochs into which the work is divided.

A late LONDON paper says that great alarm has been excited among "the dabblers in the shares of the Bubble Companies," by the verdict of a Jury, under the direction of Chief Justice TINDALL, in the Common Pleas. The case is thus stated:—"In March, 1825, certain persons met together and concocted the Imperial Distillery Company, which was to consist of 12,000 shares, at 50*l.* each, constituting a capital of 600,000*l.* They invited, by a prospectus and advertisements, persons to apply for shares, stating, at the same time, that those to whom shares were promised were to pay a deposit of 5*l.* per share by a given day; and that the holders of the receipts for the deposit would be entitled to certificates of shares on paying the next instalment, and signing the trust deed when that instrument was prepared; and further, that those who did not pay the second instalment, and sign the deed within thirty days after being required to do so, would forfeit their right to shares and all interest in the Company. On the faith of these notices, many persons applied for shares, of whom a large portion sold their scrip receipts, or declined to become partners by signing the deed when it was proposed. A small number paid the second instalment, and signed the trust deed. It should here be mentioned that, although the Company was to consist of 12,000 shares, the number appropriated did not amount to 8,000, and that of those, not more than two thousand three hundred paid even the first deposit; notwithstanding which the Directors proceeded with the undertaking, agreed to purchase premises, repaired and fitted up those premises, but forgot to pay for them or the repairs. Proceedings were instituted for the recovery of those sums from some of the Directors and persons who had signed the trust deed; but the claimants were afterwards induced to commence actions against other individuals who might be considered also liable; in consequence, actions were instituted against a large number of persons, amongst whom were many who had done nothing but ask for shares, and received a letter telling them that shares were appropriated to them; others, who had paid the first deposit, but declined to pay the second, or sign the deed; and others who, having paid the first deposit, sold their scrip receipts, and never took any further concern in the Company, and consequently neither paid the two instalments, nor signed. After various delays, during which many of the parties had been terrified into a compromise, the actions were brought to trial last week against the remaining persons included in the record; and Chief Justice Tindal laid down the law—"That any person applying for shares, and receiving an answer that shares were appropriated, (although the conditions on which he was to become entitled to the profits of the Company were not fulfilled,) was a partner, and liable individually to the whole debts of the Company."

The WASHINGTON correspondent of the NEW YORK EVENING POST, after naming several gentlemen—generally the same that have been spoken of in this city—as those from among whom a successor to Judge WASHINGTON will probably be selected—says:—In the meanwhile, I feel satisfied that no appointment will be made (nor ought it to be) until Congress have expressed some decisive indication of their intentions as to the extension of the Judiciary system.—One plan, which is not unlikely to be adopted, is, to extend the first (Judge Story's) Circuit, over the whole or most of New-England, so as to lessen Judge Thompson's duties on that side, and add New Jersey to his circuit, on the other. The remainder of Judge Washington's former circuit, might then be added to the fourth, (Maryland, &c.) and thus, three circuits being formed, out of what are now four, a new Judge might be placed at the West, and the claims of the new states for the extension of the Judiciary of the U. S. to them, satisfied without an exorbitant and unwieldy increase of the bench.

The annexed notice of an article which has been exhibited, for several days, at the Arcade, and still remains there for inspection, has been handed to us by a gentleman who has successfully devoted a portion of his time to pursuits connected with the mechanic arts:—

PNEUMATIC PERPETUAL MOTION.—An ingenious mechanician, of the state of New York, has lately invented, and is now exhibiting in this city, the model of a mechanical perpetual motion, constructed on pneumatic principles. The machine is simple in its arrangement, and consists of a wheel set in motion by currents of air passing upwards, through the apparatus, into a flue or chimney connected with it. The ordinary atmospheric air is admitted into the base of the apparatus through a series of tubes or flues surrounding it, and directed by means of funnels, with narrow apertures, so as to act upon paddles or buckets, attached to the periphery of the wheel, which revolves horizontally within the chamber, through which the draft of air passes upwards to the vertical flue. The wheel, thus set in motion, communicates with the exterior by means of a vertical shaft or axis, to which another wheel is attached, with the view of exhibiting the effect produced. The ordinary velocity in the present machine is from 150 to 200 revolutions in a minute, although the power may be augmented to a considerable degree, by increasing the impetus of the atmospheric current. The principle can, no doubt, be applied to many mechanical purposes, and appears to be a very fair solution of the long contested problem of mechanical perpetual motion. The machine itself is well worthy of examination, as a scientific curiosity, and an ingenious application of the laws of atmospheric pressure to the production of mechanical motion.

By the arrival of the ALGONQUIN, at this port from Liverpool, we have received a LIVERPOOL paper of the 11th and LONDON dates of the 10th of November. They contain nothing of interest.

In the VIRGINIA Convention, on Wednesday last, in the course of a speech on the mode of choosing Militia Officers, Mr. MACREA said:—"The military elections in Pennsylvania, had resulted, in one instance, in the choice of a Colonel Pluck—whilst here, perhaps, it might be retorted, our County Court recommendations have given us many a *Colonel No-Pluck, or without pluck*, as the experience of the late war had unhappily manifested."

We understand that the box sheets for the two first nights of FAUSTUS, at the ARCH street theatre are, nearly filled. The piece is to be produced this evening, after nearly four months of preparation. We hear that the scenery is magnificent, and that the orchestra, already excellent, has been reinforced, in order to do full justice to the music, which is by HORN, COOKE, and BISHOP.

A correspondent of the LONDON MORNING HERALD renews the discussion of Mr. O'CONNELL's right to a seat in the House of Commons, in the following remarks:—"The question as to the present Speaker of the House of Commons being called to the Upper House, to make way for Sir John Becket or Mr. Goulburn, may be considered as settled, as far as regards the next Session of Parliament. The Right Hon. Gentleman is to continue to fill the Chair; and it is understood that this decision has been come to mainly in consequence of Mr. O'Connell's case. If articles entitled "Why Mr. O'Connell cannot take his seat," that appeared in this paper, be remembered, it will be recollected, that the several oaths and forms were quoted; and that two peculiarities of the law were particularly pointed out. First, that no Member would be allowed to open his mouth in the way of speech-making till he had taken the oaths; and, secondly, that, having refused to take the oaths proffered at the table, the person was not only disqualified on that one return, but for the remainder of the Parliament. The amended law, permitting the admission of Roman Catholics, only benefited those thereafter to be elected, and therefore was Mr. O'Connell excluded—whether wisely or not is another thing; the only object here is to mention the fact, and the state of the law. According to the olden law, and under which law Mr. O'C. was excluded, he having refused to take the oaths directed to be taken at the table, he was disqualified to be a candidate for the remainder of the present Parliament. Now then, may arise the second question—is the law still applicable to Mr. O'Connell's case? and, if so, will the House, or rather the Speaker—enforce it? The Relief Bill did not apply to Mr. O'Connell; on the contrary, it excluded him, and almost by name; therefore, having been excluded, because he would not take the old oaths—that refusal operating under the old law as disqualification for the remainder of the Parliament—does not the disqualifying taint adhere to Mr. O'Connell so long as the present Parliament shall exist? Must there not be a dissolution of the Parliament to enable Mr. O'Connell to appear without the disqualifying taint? If there were law in the former decision, is there not the like law for continuing the exclusion, on the ground of disqualification?—Many hold, that there is, and, assisted as were some of Sir B. Sudgen's notions on the subject, he intimated that the subsequent question might arise. It is felt that such question may arise, in spite of the wishes of the Government; that the Speaker—whoever may occupy the Chair—must remind the House of the law, if he should consider that the refusal to take the oaths disqualified Mr. O'C. for the present Parliament; and that, as such questions may arise, it would be advisable not only to let the House have the benefit of the present Speaker's experience, self-possession in the Chair, and urbane mode of managing difficult questions, but to spare a new Speaker what would be to him a difficult, if not a painful contest. Without declaring that such new question will arise, but merely adverting to the character of the last decision, and the nature of the law, and of some expectations on the subject, it is repeated, that such circumstances are confidently stated to have put an end to all idea of calling the present Speaker to the Upper House till Mr. O'Connell's case be set of rest.

CONGRESS.

In the Senate, on Monday, the Vice President, Messrs. King and McKinley, of Alabama, Mr. Hayne, of South Carolina, Mr. Knight, of Rhode Island, and Mr. Clayton, of Delaware, severally appeared and took their seats. Several petitions were presented, and resolutions of the General Assemblies of Indiana and Missouri, on the subject of the Public Lands, were presented by Messrs. Noble and Barton. This being the day designated by the rule adopted at the last session, for the election of the officers of the Senate, Mr. Lowry was re-elected Secretary, General Baily, Sergeant at arms and Door-keeper, and Mr. Tims assistant Door-keeper. On the third ballot for a Chaplain, the Rev. Mr. Johns having received 21 votes, and the Rev. Mr. Durbin the same number of votes, the President gave the casting vote in favour of Mr. Johns, and he was declared duly elected. After spending a short time in the consideration of Executive business, the Senate, at an early hour, adjourned.

In the House, yesterday, the appointment by the Speaker of the various Committees was announced. They are as follows:—

STANDING COMMITTEES OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

On Elections.—Messrs. Alston, Tucker, Claiborne, Randolph, Johnson, of Ten. Beekman, and Coleman.

On Ways and Means—Messrs. M'Duffie, Verplanck, Dwight, Smyth, of Va. Ingersoll, Gilmore and Overton.

On Claims.—Messrs. Williams, Whittlesee, Barber, of Conn. McIntire, Ramsey, Lea, and Lent.

On Commerce.—Messrs. Cambreleng, Newton, Gorham, Harvey, Sutherland, Howard, and Wayne.

On Public Lands.—Messrs. Isacks, Jennings, Duncan, Hunt, Potter, Irvin, of Ohio, and Clay.

On Post Office.—Messrs. Johnson of Ken. Conner, Magee, Hodges, Russell, McCreery and Campbell.

On the District of Columbia.—Messrs. Powers, Allen, Washington, Varnum, Taliaferro, Ihrie, and Semmes.

On the Judiciary.—Messrs. Buchanan, Wickliffe, Storrs, of N. Y., Davis, of S. C., Bouldin, Ellsworth, and White, of Ken.

On Revolutionary Claims.—Messrs. Burges, Dickinson, Fry, Wingate, Goodenow, Young and Brown.

On Public Expenditures.—Messrs. Hall, Davenport of Va. Lyon, Maxwell, of N. Y. Spencer of Md. Thomson of Ohio, and Norton.

On Private Land Claims.—Messrs. Gurley, Sterigerre, Nuckolls, Pettis, Test, Foster and Baylor.

On Manufactures.—Messrs. Mallary, Stanberry, Condict, Martin, Daniel, Irwin of Penn. and Monell.

On Indian Affairs.—Messrs. Bell, Lumpkin, Hinds, Storrs, of Conn. Hubbard, Gaither, and Lewis.

On Foreign Affairs.—Messrs. Archer, Everett of Mass., Taylor, Polk, Wild, Crawford, and Barnwell.

On Military Affairs.—Messrs. Drayton, Vance, Deeha, Findlay, Blair, of S. C., Mitchell, and Speight.

On Naval Affairs.—Messrs. Hoffman, Crowninshield, Miller, Ripley, Carson, Dorsey, and White, of N. Y.

On Agriculture.—Messrs. Spencer, of N. Y., Wilson, Rose, Smith, of Pa., Standifer, Doherty, and Chandler.

On the Territories.—Messrs. Clark, of Ky., Green, Creighton, Armstrong, Angel, Cowles, and W. B. Sheppard.

On Military Pensions.—Messrs. Bates, Lecompte, Forward, Chilton, Hammons, Bockee, and Ford.

On Revisal and Unfinished Business.—Messrs. Pearce, Reed, and Pearson.

On Accounts.—Messrs. Halsey, Swan, and Broadhead.

On Expenditures in the Department of State.—Messrs. Earll, Sill, King, of N. Y.

On Expenditures of the Treasury.—Messrs. Leiper, Crocheron, and Kendall.

On Expenditures in the Department of war.—Messrs. Maxwell, of Va., Muhlenburg, and Crockett.

On Expenditures in the Navy Department.—Messrs. A. H. Sheppard, Bartley, and Evans, of Pennsylvania.

On Expenditures in the Post Office Department.—Messrs. Yancey, Borst, and Scott.

On Expenditures on the Public Buildings.—Messrs. Sprigg, Bailey, and Swift.

SELECT COMMITTEES.

On Internal Improvements.—Messrs. Hemphill, Blair, of Tenn. Haynes, Letcher, Vinton, Craig, of Va. and Butman.

On the Militia.—Messrs. Thompson, of Georgia, King, of Penn, Barringer, Weeks, Craig, of N. Y. Kincaid, and Cahoon.

On Retrenchment.—Messrs. Wickliffe, Coulter, Davis, of Mass., Lamar, Coke, Huntingdon, and De Witt.

On the Census.—Messrs. Storrs, of New York, Crane, Johns, Everett, of Vt. Richardson, Boon, and Cooper.

On the Presidential Election.—Messrs. McDuffie, Haynes, Carson, Lea, Martindale, Stephens, and Hughes.

A communication was presented from the First Comptroller of the Treasury, on the subject of various accounts remaining unadjusted for more than three years prior to September 30th, 1829. An adjournment then took place, until 12 o'clock on Tuesday.

Address of the Society for the encouragement of
FAITHFUL DOMESTICS.

TO THE PUBLIC.—The objects of this Society have been so frequently and so fully presented to this community, in pamphlets and papers, copiously distributed, that we shall be very brief in this address.

Three considerations, all of no small importance, led to the formation of this Society—one, having an eye to promote the welfare and elevate the characters of domestics—another, to increase the comforts of housekeepers, and diminish the cares, and difficulties, and embarrassments of housekeeping—and the third, not inferior to either of the others, to guard the infant minds of children from the contamination to which, in the present state of things, they are frequently liable.

So far as regards the first object, it is to be observed, that as there are in the city and liberties about 25,000 houses, it is fair to assume that there are about the same number of domestics, male and female, who, of course, form a considerable portion of our population, in whose welfare it behoves those to take a deep interest who are blest with the advantages of the goods of fortune, and who depend on the morals and manners and good conduct of their dependants for much of their happiness and comfort. The welfare of domestics will be greatly promoted by an establishment, fairly and honestly conducted, where they may apply for situations without expense, is too palpable to admit of doubt. It is obvious, that the members of the Society of this kind, to which as members they have access without producing [illegible] evidence of meritorious conduct, will [illegible] vate the characters of domestics generally, [illegible] to make them more circumspect, [illegible] regular in their conduct. The premiums awarded for exemplary conduct, and [illegible] *tinuance in their places*, provided on [illegible] of subscriptions shall, as we hope, [illegible] to carry this part of our plan into [illegible] a liberal scale, cannot fail to produce [illegible] effects; among which, one will be [illegible] that roaming disposition peculiar [illegible] of them, so injurious to themselves, and inconvenient to their employers.

These effects have resulted from the establishment of a similar Society in New York to an extent beyond the hopes of its founders, [illegible] merly, a great scarcity of good domestics prevailed there. At present, there is a full supply and beyond the demand. The frequent changes of place, which were so annoying to housekeepers, have become rare.

The operation of the Society will, there is reason to hope, tend to draw a line of distinction between the respectable class of domestics, who, we are proud to say, form the great majority, and the small number of reckless of character, and who bring discredit on the class.

This Society cannot fail to be [illegible] beneficial to such housekeepers as become members. The improvement in the behaviour and manners of domestics, which we calculate on, must greatly increase the comforts and enjoyments of their employers. The city of New York, where complaints on this head were formerly more general than [illegible] out a cheering prospect. It shall be our [illegible] by every means in our power, to discourage the disingenuous and pernicious practice of giving, through mistaken motives of kindness, recommendations to domestics unworthy, whereby the incentives to good conduct and restraints upon maloconduct, are [illegible] nished.

There is one point which we feel [illegible] strongly impelled to press on the consideration of those who have families of children growing up.—Whatever care or precaution we may take to watch over or circumscribe the intercourse between children and domestics, it must be at all times considerable. It is obvious that the conduct and dispositions of domestics, must have a certain degree of influence on the tempers and dispositions of children, a greater or less, in proportion to the extent of intercourse. The contamination of intercourse with a depraved domestic, will doubtless often does, give a bias to the minds of children, which may baffle all the efforts of the most enlightened parents to eradicate it, and may destine a child to be, in the [illegible] disgrace to the parents, and a pest to society, who, by intercourse with moral and faithful domestics, might have proved an ornament to society. This consideration alone ought to recommend the society an ample patronage.

Objections have been raised to the amount of the annual subscription, five dollars, as too high. But a very slight consideration will satisfy our citizens, that, with a smaller subscription, the society would be insufficient for the purposes for which it has been organized. Indeed, it will need a considerable increase of subscribers, for the [illegible] and utility of the society, [illegible] scribed. Two hundred dollars, if punctually and regularly paid, will leave but a very [illegible] and inadequate surplus for procuring [illegible] ing rent, salary, fuel, and the [illegible] penses, incident to such an establishment. However, should any considerable [illegible] scriptions at a future day warrant the reduction of the annual subscription, the society will have the power, and will doubtless feel [illegible] tion, to make it. But it ought [illegible] into the minds of our citizens, that [illegible] between a careful, sober, and honest domestic, and one of a contrary character, may, in a pecuniary point of view, and as regards property, in one month, overbalance five years subscriptions.

JOSEPH WATSON, President.
Mathew Carey, } Vice Presidents.
Benj. W. Richards, }
Thos. Earp, Treasurer.
Durden B. Carter, Secretary.

MANAGERS.

Thomas Sergeant,	Timothy Alden,
Isaac Collins,	Richard Rosen,
Moses Brown,	Isaiah Hacker,
John White,	Robert Toland,
Paul K. Hubbs,	Wm. Wurts,
Francis G. Smith,	Isaac Elliott,
Robert Earp,	Henry G. Freeman.
Mordecai Lewis,	

Mr. and Mrs. French Battell, Agents.

The following rules are respectfully submitted to the consideration of the subscribers:—

1. No domestic can be sent from the office but to a subscriber.

2. No application which has been registered for more than a week, can be attended to, unless renewed.

3. Subscribers are requested to sign the printed tickets, and return them to the office.

The office is now open for applications from domestics and subscribers, at the first door on the north side of Minor, above Fifth street. Office hours, half past 10 to 2 o'clock.

N. B. A book will be kept for the purpose of registering the names of Nurses, Seamstresses, and Teachers, that may apply.

The New York American contains the following extract of a Letter from Tampico, dated the 6th ult. received via New-Orleans:—"The gale of 10th September did great damage to the shipping, it blew down about one half of the mud houses and injured many others. It is generally thought here, that the U. S. ship Hornet is lost. She left off the bar before the gale and has not since been heard of. Mr. T. Harrison was on board of her, with the books of his house.——The ship Caroline, sunk in the river below Panuco, is forty feet under water, and nothing can be got out of her. The capitulated Spaniards are in Alto mira. Panuco, Tampico de Alto; and here, but they are nearly all sick, and since I have been here ten to fifteen have died per day; so that there are not more than sixteen or eighteen hundred of the three thousand five hundred left.—When these troops arrived; they were all healthy well looking young men; now, they are the most miserable looking objects I ever saw. There is no sickness here except among these troops.—The merchants of the place are about forming a company, to purchase a steam-boat to tow vessels out and in."

From the Boston Centinel.

THE HORNET SLOOP OF WAR.—The paragraph in the Centinel of Wednesday, and which has been copied into other papers, should have stated, that the gentlemen enumerated as composing the officers of the Hornet, were those stated in the *Navy Register*, as belonging to her when the Register was made up; and as when she sailed for the West India station. The writer of this understands, that Lieutenants Edmonds and Young, and Surgeon Rapelje, were not on board when she sailed, and that there is a probability that some of the other officers were also absent from her. There is no Porter of the name of "*Pettinger*. It is due to the relatives of the concerned to make this correction. It may be added, that many persons do not yet despair of the safety of this vessel, and particularly of her gallant crew:—For, although the hurricane in which she put to sea was violent, she was under an excellent commander, had experienced officers, and an able-bodied crew; and, if dismasted, and had become a wreck, his crew would have taken to their boats; which may have been fallen in with by some of the numerous vessels which navigate the West India seas, and be carried to remote parts; or they

may have reached some port on the main, where intercourse is unfrequent, and be yet in the land of the living. Nevertheless, when it is considered that she left *Tampico* on the 9th September in a violent tempest; that advices from Tampico to the 20th October, from Vera Cruz to 4th November, and from Havana, to 26th of same month, have been received and brought no authentic tidings of her, fears may be entertained that this gallant vessel has met the melancholy fate which has awaited others, and with her boats has foundered at sea.——NAUTICUS.

December 10, 1829.

* This was a typographical error.

SHIP NEWS.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 16.—Arrived, brig Rice Pinel, of Boston, Foster, 55 days from Hamburg, with mdse. to Hilger, Wicht & Co.

Schr. Eleanor, Morse, 5 days from Richmond, with tobacco and coal, to C. S. Folwell.

Schr. Harriet, White, 3 days from Folly Landing, with mdse. to Captain.

Schr. Fancy, Burch, 3 days from Folly Landing, with mdse. to Captain.

Schr. Three Friends, Davis, 3 days from Folly Landing, with grain, to Captain.

Schr. Delight, Smith, 2 days from Egg Harbor, with mdse. to Captain.

Schr. George, Johnson, 3 days from Suffolk, with shingles, to Captain.

Schr. Beech, Carman, York River, 3 days, with mdse. to Captain.

Schr. Montezuma, Hickman, Norfolk, 7 days, with mdse. to Captain.

Schr. Mary R. Eliza, Coston, York River, 4 days, with mdse. to Captain.

Schr. Young Mechanic, Hand, Rappahannock, 2 days, with mdse. to Captain.

BELOW, pilot ship Algonquin, West, from Liverpool, with mdse. to T. P. Cope & Sons. Sailed Nov. 11, in co. with ship Wm. Byrnes. Nov. 20, exchanged signals with the W. B. Saw her frequently on the passage, and last in lat. 44, lon. 55, (arrived.) Spoke in lat. 49 N. lon. 13 W. ship Jane, from New York for Trieste. The A. has been within the Capes since Friday. Passengers, Dr. James H. Behan, Messrs. John Doyle, James and Edward Walker.

CLEARED, sloop Union, Collins, Baltimore, via canal, W. J. Watson.

Brig Rich, Jefferson, South America, H. Pratt.

Brig Wm. Henry, Johnson, New Orleans, J. Hand.

Brig Benj. Franklin, Gray, Halifax, N. S., A. C. Bunting.

Brig Rebecca Haddell, Miller, St. Thomas, M'Keever & Haddell, Jr.

NEW YORK, Dec. 15.—Arrived, ship President, Halsey, 5 days from Charleston, with cotton, rice and specie. Passengers, G. W. & C. S. Smith, and 1 in the steerage. The President was boarded off Charleston until Wednesday morning, in co. with ship Lafayette, Allen, and brig Coral, Squires, both for New York.

Ship Illinois, Waterman, from New Orleans, 24th Nov. with cotton, &c.

Ship Agnes, Bennett, from St. Thomas, 10th, and Turks Island, 20th Nov. with rum and sugar. Left at latter, brig Waldo, Dolano, for New Orleans, soon; schr. Walter, Thorndike, for Wilmington, do.

Brig Frances, Doughty, 15 days from Mantanzas, with sugar, coffee, &c. Left U. S. schr. Grampus, ships Florida, for Boston, ready; Collision, of do. disabling.

Brig Yellow Bird, Tilton, 30 days from Tobacco, with lumber. Spoke, Nov. 26, lat. 23 31, lon. 85, ship Clio, from Portland for Havana.

Brigs Claudia, Halsey, from Sag Harbor; Ariel, Wood, Philadelphia.

Brig Forest, Bates, from Antwerp, and 27 days from Gurnsey, with mdse. &c.

Brig Henry, Birchall, from Newbern, N. C., and 8 days from the Bar, with stores. Sailed in company with brig Montauk, and schr. Brookville, both for West Indies.

Schr. Benj. E. Valentine, Phillips, 4 days from Philadelphia.

Schr. Perry, Hoodless, from Barracoa, with tobacco. Left no American vessels. Spoke, 10th instant, off Chingotenque, schr. Omar, from Gloucester, for Charleston.

Schr. Glide, Macy, 10 days from Saramah. Passenger, Mr. O. Longworth.

Schrs. Rolado, Snow, Philadelphia; Velivet, Goldsmith, do.; Triumph, Tuttle, do. for New Haven; Aeron, Lee, do.; Virgin, Smith, do.; Gloucester, Leeds, do.; Wm. Rowland, Ireland, do.

Schr. Hetta Franklin, Gibbs, from Philadelphia, for New Bedford; Amazon, Leper, do. for Hartford; Elijah S. Townsend, do.; sloop Susan & Martha, Smith, from do.

Below, ship Lafayette, Allen, 5 days from Charleston, with cotton, &c.

Brig Coral, Squires, 5 days from Charleston, with cotton, &c.

Also, 2 brigs and 2 schrs.

Cleared, ship Statira, Wood, Savannah.

Ship Britannia, Marshall, Liverpool.

Brig Frances Ellen, Dockray, Wilmington.

Passengers in the ship Illinois, Capt. Waterman, from New Orleans:—Mrs. Gaytner, Messrs. W. Lester, H. Douglass, and H. Peckworth.

BOSTON, Dec. 14.—No arrivals yesterday.

PORTLAND, Dec. 11.—Arrived, brig Mechanic, McLellan, from Havana.

12th.—Arrived, brig Julo, Choate, from Curacoa.

BATH, Dec. 9.—Cleared, ship Charles, (new) Riley, New Orleans.

10th.—Brig Spartan, Crocker, St. Barts.

Schr. Triumph, Trott, Wilmington.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 15.—Arrived, ship Governor Strong, [of Alexandria] Wilson, 43 days from Rio de Janeiro, with coffee. Passengers, Lieut. Scott, of the U. S. Navy, and Mr. John Crease, supercargo.—Capt. W. reports that the brig Swiftmare was to sail in 5 or 6 days for New York. Spoke, Dec. 3d, lat. 28, N. lon. 71, brig Dromo, from New York for Campeachy, out 10 days. Capt. W. reports that all was quiet at Buenos Ayres. Flour at Rio was at 19 a 20 milreas.

British ship Dunlep, Gowan, 42 days from Belfast, potatoes, whiskey and Passengers.

Schr. Uncle Sam, Holmes, 18 days from Havana, ballast. Sailed, 26th Nov. Arrived, same day, from Tampico, transport ship Roger, Williams, with troops of the Spanish Expedition. Sailed, same day, brigs Baltimore, Forbes, for New York, and Triton, Shaw, for Philadelphia. On the 8th inst. lat. 32, N. lon. 76 30, spoke schr. ———, of Bath, 13 days from Matanzas, Cuba, for Wilmington, N. C. The Uncle Sam experienced continual gales and head winds on the passage.

Schr. Charlotte, McCarthy, 25 days from Omoa, specie, sarsaparilla and logwood. Left at Omoa, the brig Moro, and schr. Express, for New Orleans, the only Ann. The brig Mina, Desbarresux, sailed a few days previous for Trunille.

Steam boat Franklin, Nevitt, from Alexandria. In the river, brig Louisiana, bound to Rio de Janeiro, put back leaky—she, one ship at anchor, supposed bound down.

Letters received in town from Valparaiso by the ship Governor Strong, report the brig Montezuma, Baker, hence, at Valparaiso on the 1st of Sept. Dollars were worth 9 a 10 per cent. premium. Copper at Coquimbo 17½. Domestics would bring 10½ cents per yard.

NORFOLK, Dec. 12.—In Hampton Roads, brig Index, Green, from up James River, bound to Havre.

All the coasters, about 60 in number, sailed from Hampton Roads and vicinity to-day.

The ship Concordia, from New York, has gone up James River.

Dec. 13.—In Hampton Roads, ship Carerras, Thing, from up James River, bound to Bristol, (E.)

From Hampton Roads, brigs Leader, Grimes, for Nantz; Agenora, Nowell, for Cadiz; Lewis, Champlin, for Marseilles; Spartan, Drinkwater, for St. Thomas; Index, Green, for Havre; and Mary, McRobert, for Marquito, E. P.

The ship Marion, Yeaton, bound to Marseilles, is on her way down James River.

SAVANNAH, Dec. 8.—Arrived, ship Dorothea, Davis, Philadelphia, 10 days.

Barque Science, Snell, Greenock, sailed 23d Oct.

Brow, a hermaphrodite brig.

Cleared, ship Halcyon, Patterson, Liverpool.

Ship Henry, Thompson, New York.

Barque Armadillo, Robinson, Liverpool.

Departed, brig Newcastle, Wilkinson, Nantz.

Brig Francis, Craft, Philadelphia.

Brig Albert, Chandler, New York.

Brig Edwin, Williams, New York.

Brig Union, Burr, Providence.

The pilot boats Berrian and Savannah, came up to town yesterday with a part of the sails, rigging, cables, anchors, &c. from the wreck of the Br. brig William Harvey, ashore and bilged on the North Breakers.

CHARLESTON, Dec. 9.—Arrived, brig Ivory Lord, Lewis, Boston, 21 days. 2d inst. lat. 33 07, lon. 76, passed ship Asia, of Philadelphia, standing E.; same time spoke ship Henry Kneeland, Coffin, 7 days from Savannah for Liverpool.

Cleared, ship Samuel Wright, Allen, Liverpool.

Brig Jane, Fisher, Savannah.

Went to sea, the ship Lafayette, Allen, New York.

The ship John Hale, Thompson, for Portsmouth, N. H., previously reported in the Offing, came up to town on Monday.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 24.—Entered, brigs Planet, Knapp, Malaga; Mero, Beasley, Amuras; barque Leadon, Williams, Vera Cruz.

Arrived, ship Florida, Tyler, from New York.

Ship Sarazen, Bacon, Portland.

Ship Cassandra, Smith, Hamburg.

Ship Francis, Baltimore.

Brig Dodge Healy, Howland, Turks Island.

Brig Iris, Harding, Portsmouth.

Brig Montpelier, Harvey, Thomaston.

In the River, ships Navy, and Grecian; a brig from Curacoa, and brig Emory, bound up. At the Bar of S. W. Pass, 23d, ship Gauges, for Cadiz, aground; and ship Neptune, bound out.

ITEMS.

On Saturday, Mr. Monroe, on account of indisposition, resigned his seat in the Virginia Convention. Mr. P. P. Barbour was unanimously chosen to succeed him as President, and General Taylor, of Norfolk, was appointed a delegate in his place.

A young surgeon of Philadelphia, employed to mend a broken leg, called in an eminent physician, who told him he must amputate. He was about to go to work at once, when his senior advised him to wait till day-break the next day. "Certainly, sir, if you say so; but may I ask why?"—Go to your books, young man. Diluculo *surgere saluberrimum est.*"

The CHESNUT STREET theatre, at the Manager's benefit last night, was crowded. We hear it remarked that there was no noise in any part of the house, though box, pit, and gallery, were filled.

A statement is published in the Savannah Georgian, of the ages, places of nativity, and pursuits of the individuals who compose the House of Representatives of that State; from which it appears, that there are 89 farmers, 20 lawyers, 10 physicians, 8 merchants and 2 mechanics. Of the 199 members who compose the Assembly, seventy-seven only are natives of Georgia. One was born at sea. The oldest member is 59, and the youngest 22.

On Friday last, two men were arrested about 5 miles from Norristown, (Penn.) upon suspicion of having been engaged in the late mail robbery. After an examination before a magistrate, they were committed to the prison of the county, for further examination.

In the Legislature of South Carolina, a bill to alter the Constitution, so as to disqualify an individual from taking a seat in the Legislature who fights a duel, or may be in any way engaged in a duel, has received a first reading.

The New York City Inspector reports the death of 83 persons, during the past week, viz. —27 men, 10 women, 34 boys, and 12 girls,—38 were under six years of age—14 died of Scarlet Fever.

The report of interments, in Baltimore, for the week ending on the 14th., enumerates the death of 26 persons—males 15, females 13—10 of whom were under five years of age.

CLARA FISHER has started on a theatrical tour through the Western states, and will proceed as far as New Orleans.

A letter in the Salisbury paper, from Macon county, North Carolina, under date of 16th ult., says, they have almost despaired of making a profitable business of finding Gold there; the prospects in the adjoining county of Georgia, (Habersham,) are, however, very flattering; a good many people are engaged in the business there, it is added, and they commonly realise good wages.

Mrs. Austin is engaged for a few nights at the Boston Theatre, and was announced to appear as Ariel, in the *Tempest*, last evening.

An ingenious cotton hulling machine has been invented by Mr. Stringer, of Greenville, S. C.—By the operation of this machine, the kernel is left perfectly whole, after the hull or outside covering is taken off.

About 11 o'clock on Saturday night last, the sloop Othello, Capt. Moore, hence, for Poughkeepsie, was capsized, during the violence of the gale in Taypan Bay. It happened providentially, that the Constellation was passing at the time, and by the cries of the crew, was directed to the wreck. Capt. Cruttenden, with the utmost despatch, hove to, and sent two boats out, which rescued the captain, six hands and a boy from a watery grave; they were clinging to the hull or rigging, and were much exhausted when picked up. Too much credit cannot be awarded to captain Cruttenden, for the feeling which he exhibited on this occasion, and for the attention which he showed to the sufferers when on board of his vessel.—*Albany Daily Advertiser.*

During a late gale, the Schr. Fair Play broke from her moorings at Erie, on Lake Erie, and after drifting about the lake for three days and two nights, during the whole of which time it snowed so fast the crew could not tell where they were, and to add to their distressed situation, being entirely destitute of fire and provisions, drove ashore. To keep from freezing, the crew, (three in number, including the captain, one being on shore when she broke from her moorings,) frequently exercised themselves on deck with what is called "rough and tumble."

On Thursday, about noon, as two of the children of the Reverend Dr. Cox, one eleven and the other four years of age, were walking in Canal-street, on their way home, when near to Mercer-street, although upon the side-walk, they were run over by a hack, drawn by a pair of unmanageable horses. Both the boys were struck down at once, and one of the legs of the eldest was broken just above the ancle. The younger boy was not materially hurt. It is surprising that they were not both killed.—*N. Y. Herald.*

On Friday last, one of the drivers of Messrs. Parker, & Co. having got off his seat, at St. Johnsville, Herkimer county, N. Y., to assist a little girl in hoisting the gate, his horses became frightened, and in the attempt to stop them, he was thrown under the wheels of the carriage, and so seriously injured as to cause his death on the morning following. The name of the individual killed was Martin Wendall, and he is said to have been a sober, faithful, and careful driver. There were no passengers on board the stage, which was fortunately stopped after going a short distance, uninjured.

NORTH WEST COMPANY.—The Montreal Gazette informs us, that in consequence of the Hudson's Bay Company having declared that they would not pay any part of the funds belonging to the late North West Company, to any persons whatever, unless under the order and sanction of a court of equity, the elder Mr. Ermatinger, as agent for some of the creditors, had left that city for New York, to embark for England, where it is intended to prosecute those creditor's claims in the Court of Chancery.—The lady of the late Sir Alexander Mackenzie and the Honorable Roderick Mackenzie, have, it is said, already commenced proceedings in the same court for similar purposes. Mr. E. sailed from New York in the packet ship Silas Richards.

LAKE CHAMPLAIN AND RIVER ST. LAWRENCE.—We learn, from the Montreal Gazette, that the steam-boat Franklin, Captain Sherman, arrived at Champlain on the 6th, on her way to St. John, but could proceed no farther on account of the weather. It was understood, that she would return to Vergennes, to be laid up for the winter.

We learn from the Montreal papers of Wednesday last, the St. Lawrence, at Montreal, was entirely free from ice: this is a very unusual circumstance at this late period.

On the 7th, the steamer Hercules arrived at Montreal from Quebec, with one of her barges in tow; this is the latest arrival of a steam-boat at Montreal, that has yet occurred—*N. Y. Com. Advertiser.*

New York, Dec. 15.—A man was committed to Bridewell last Sunday, on suspicion of having murdered his wife, who was found dead in a miserable tenement in Mulberry street. An examination was made yesterday by a number of surgeons, who found no marks of violence upon her body, nor any internal indication to justify the suspicion. There was every appearance that the deceased had been habitually intemperate, and all the evidence went to confirm the supposition that her death was occasioned by the free use of ardent spirits. The man was therefore released.

Fayetteville, N. C. Dec. 10—On the 25th of December last, a *white shad* was caught in the Pee Dee river, in this state, a circumstance said by persons who had numbered their three score and ten years upon the banks of the river, to be unprecedented. But we are informed by a friend in Richmond county, of the still more remarkable fact, that one was taken in Pee Dee, in the traps of Col. Stephen Wall of that county, on the morning of the 30th ultimo. An old gentleman of Rockingham, to whom it was presented, would not believe the evidence of his senses, until his taste convinced him that there was "no mistake" in it.

FROM ENGLISH JOURNALS.

TRIAL OF THE ROCHDALE CONSTABLES.—On Wednesday last, the trial of James Taylor, Benj. Taylor, and John Stott, for stealing 100*l.* from the box of the Weavers' Union, which had been deposited in the lockups at Rochdale, came on at the Salford sessions. The evidence adduced did not differ materially from that given at the examination of the prisoners before the magistrates at Rochdale, a report of which we gave at the time. On the part of the prisoners, their counsel contended, that in law, the conduct of the prisoners, in taking the box, merely amounted to a trespass, seeing that they acted under the impression that they had a right to take possession of the box. It was also urged, that an act, which originally amounted to a trespass, could not, by any possibility, be converted into a felony. It was, therefore contended, that the case was not one to go to the jury. The court, after some deliberation, decided that the case was one for the jury to determine. The chairman summed up the case, and the jury, after a few minutes' consultation, returned a verdict of guilty against all the prisoners. The magistrates then retired into their private room, and were absent about a quarter of an hour. On their return, the chairman addressed the prisoners as follows:—

James Taylor, Benjamin Taylor, and John Stott, you have been found guilty of the charge with which you stood indicted: and in the first place, it is my duty to inform you that the verdict which has been returned by the jury is perfectly agreed to by this court,—they think that it is a righteous verdict. And there is a single feature in the case, that has been stated in evidence, which shows that you all intended to commit this felony. The point to which I allude, connected with the fact of your afterwards going to Pilling's, leaves no doubt whatever in my mind that you were determined to plunder the box. We shall make a distinction in the punishment which we intend to inflict on you, because we are unanimously of opinion that James Taylor was the leader in this nefarious affair, and most probably received the largest portion of the spoil. All of you have received highly respectable characters from magistrates and other persons, as to the honest and faithful manner in which you have discharged your duty as constables previous to this affair; and in the sentence which will be pronounced upon you we have taken that character into consideration. It is mainly from the character which you have received that we are induced to pass upon you a more lenient sentence than we otherwise should have done. We consider that you have been tempted by the large sum of money which was in the custody of Pilling, and that you took possession of it under the false idea that you had a claim upon it. Under all the circumstances of the case we consider it to be our duty to sentence you, James Taylor, to be imprisoned and kept to hard labour in his Majesty's Castle of Lancaster, for the term of *two years;* and that you, Benjamin Taylor and John Stott, be imprisoned for the term of *one year each*, in the same Castle."

THEATRE—CHESNUT STREET.

The Manager has the pleasure to inform the public, that he has effected an arrangement with the celebrated Tragedian,

MR. BOOTH,

For one night only, who will make his appearance this evening, Dec. 16, as Octavian, in the play of the MOUNTAINEERS.

SAM PATCH!!

READER! do not be disappointed, although the name of PATCH heads this notice. I am not prepared to astonish by announcing his re-appearance. My sole object is to attract your attention to one point—TO-MORROW, at four o'clock, the Union Canal Lottery will be drawn; capital $80,000. At this time, there are so many Lottery notices and puffs, that it is with difficulty the public are persuaded even to read the advertisements. Remember, I keep my office at No. 50½ South Third street. S. SYLVESTER.

dec. 16—2t

THE SPORTING MAGAZINE:

NO. 4, FOR DECEMBER, 1829.

CONTENTS—Memoir of Sir Archy; Doomed; Grey Doomed; The Blood Horse in Kentucky; Notice of Printer; Gabriel, the imported horse; Bell Air; Calypso; Horses of the olden time; Taming Wild and Vicious Horses by a Secret Method; Racing in England; Hints to Sporters, No. 2; Ruffed Grouse, sketch of its habits, &c.; Pointer, Setter, and Springer Projectiles; Story of the Climbing Dog; Canine Hygiene; Cure for Worms in Dogs; Natural History of the Deer; Deer Hunting in Carolina described; Hunting Song, the Horn of Chase; Red Fox, remarks on, in Virginia; A Hunt in the Skies; A Morning with the Baltimore Pack of Hounds; Interesting Particulars in the Natural History of the Quail; Fishing extraordinary in Carolina; Duty on Game in England; Sporting Intelligence; Turf Register; List of Pedigrees.

The Sporting Magazine is publ shed monthly, at $5 per annum. Subscriptions received by

E. LITTELL & BROTHER,

dec. 16—dtf Corner of Chesnut & Seventh sts.

Wistar's Cough Lozenges,

PREPARED from the original prescription of the late Professor Wistar. These Lozenges, so justly celebrated for the speedy relief they afford to those afflicted with coughs, arising from colds and influenza, are constantly to be had at

FREDERICK BROWN'S,

Drug and Chemical Store,

N. E. corner of Chesnut and Fifth street.

Also, to be had as above, French JUJUBE PASTE, a new and elegant article just received from Paris, for coughs, colds, &c.

Gum Pectoral, Tolu and Ipecacuanha Lozenges, &c.

dec. 1—eo1m

GRAND BALL.

F. C. LABBE

HAS the honour to acquaint his friends, and the public in general, that he contemplates giving a Grand Subscription Ball, on the evening of the 8th January, in honour of the victory obtained by GENERAL JACKSON, over the British army, at NEW ORLEANS. On this occasion the Saloon will be superbly illuminated.

Gentlemen subscribers will be entitled to two Ladies' tickets. Those wishing to avail themselves of the opportunity, will please to call early, as the number is limited. The books are now open for subscription.

N. B. F. C. L.'s next cotillion will be on Saturday, the 19th December; and the following on the 29th, the night after Christmas, and to be continued every other Saturday during the season. dec. 8—eo3t

NOTICE.

WHEREAS, DANIEL TYSON, of the firm of DANIEL TYSON & CO. Old Merchants, No. 15 Arcade, West Avenue, Philadelphia, having improperly withdrawn himself from the business of the concern, without the consent or knowledge of the subscriber, on Saturday, the 5th inst. notice is hereby given, that no contracts made by Daniel Tyson, in the name of the said firm, will be ratified by the subscriber, as the partnership heretofore existing, was, on that day, dissolved. All persons indebted to the said firm, are requested to make payment; and those having claims, to present them to the subscriber for settlement.

THOMAS BARNES.

Dec. 11, 1829. 15—eo1m

For the Daily Chronicle.

THE SELF MOVING AQUATIC WHEEL.

The subscriber now presents to the public a short description of his self-moving aquatic wheel: the application of its principle of motion he tested by experiment, November 26th, 1828.

This machine is the middle frustum of an artificial globe, the globular superficies of which is made of fabric similar to that used in the construction of balloons, and is fastened to air-tight wheels upon a fixed axis, which form the ends of the frustum; and, when necessary, the surface may be of several thicknesses of fabric, and covered with net-work fabricated of silk cord, or some other substantial material, to prevent its bursting. Its principle of motion is the elastic force of condensed atmospheric air with which it is inflated, (or any of the gases may be substituted,) and is applied by means of machinery in the interior of the globular frustum. A ring, or what he has denominated a focal hoop, plays round the axis of the frustum, and is suspended in the plane of the equator by canvas, or some other pliable substance, fastened to the superficies on covering of the frustum, in its equatorial region or great circle. Two cylinders act upon this hoop, one of which is attached to the axis of the frustum by shafts; the other is connected by framed work with two polar gravity wheels, which run on levelled rims on the interior circumference of the air-tight wheels. By these means the equilibrium of the globular frustum is destroyed, when its whole weight is sustained and buoyant upon water. One half of its equatorial and globular surface, taken perpendicularly to the horizon, is constantly pulled or forced in towards the centre in one direction, and the unceasing elastic force of air to restoration, produces a constant variation of the centre of motion. The focal hoop, supporting the weight of the two cylinders, is forced towards the centre, but never can arrive there. At the same time, the two polar gravity wheels are controlled and ordinated by the elastic force of air; and, in obedience to its superior power, they run from the centre up the circumference of the air-tight wheels, counterbalancing the weight of the cylinders on the focal hoop, and sustain the horizontal position of the interior machinery.—The air being compressed and confined in yielding and elastic substance, constantly accommodates itself to position; and when the machine rests upon water, it operates as a lever, and rolls it with inconceivable velocity. It is to be particularly noted, that the motion of the aquatic wheel is not caused by a current of air, nor by rarefaction of air, but by its elastic force; and will run on water at rest as well as on that which is passing.

The subscriber would also suggest the possibility of effecting the revolution of an artificial globe on its own axis by the elastic force of air; and to produce this effect, he would mention the outlines of two different constructions. One is, to have the globular superficies extended from the equator to the polar circles, there to be cut off and fastened to hubs or hoops upon hollow air-tight wheels, on a fixed axis; which wheels should be parallel to the plane of the equator, and their diameters to exceed the equatorial diameter of the globe:—The focal hoop and machinery similar to that used in the Aquatic Wheel. The form of the other is to be a complete artificial globe, the superficies of which to be fastened to the axis at the poles; the interior of the globe to contain the focal hoop and machinery, &c.—As my situation and circumstances in life will not permit me to try many experiments, I will take the liberty to mention one which I should be pleased to have tried, and which, I think, would tend to illustrate the nature and properties of air; and, should the effect be as I anticipate, it might be made subservient to the rotatory motion of an artificial globe. The experiment is this:—Take a small balloon, say one foot diameter, force into it ten cubic feet of hydrogen gas; put this balloon, thus charged, into another six feet diameter, inflated with common air;—force in the air, and what will be the effect? Will the small balloon ascend to the centre of the enclosing sphere? Will it ascend to the zenith? Or, will it be forced or repelled to the circumference? A demonstration of the above would be thankfully received.

The subscriber flatters himself (as will be readily supposed) that he will soon be enabled to satisfy and convince his fellow-citizens of the utility of his Self-moving Aquatic Wheel, by offering it to their inspection. Respectfully,

SAMUEL SKINNER,

P. M. Hopewell, N. J.

Philadelphia, Dec. 11th, 1829.

The installation of the Rev. Dr. M'AULEY, as pastor of the Tenth Presbyterian Congregation, will take place at the church, on Thursday evening, 17th inst. at 7 o'clock. On Sunday morning next, the pastor will deliver his introductory sermon. Service in the afternoon by the Rev. Mr. Russell, and in the evening by the Rev. Dr. M'Auley. The pews of said church will be exposed to sale, by auction, on Monday morning, 21st inst. at 10 o'clock.

FOR ST. THOMAS

AND CITY OF ST. DOMINGO.

The fast sailing and copper bottomed Brig PEGASUS, WILLIAM SHANELAND, Master. For passage only, having superior accommodations, apply on board, to the Master, at the second wharf above Pine street, or THOMAS TAYLOR, No. 240 South Front street. To sail positively on Tuesday, the 22d inst.

dec. 16—d6t

NEW BOOKS.

JUST published by THOMAS T. ASH, No. 139 Chesnut street,

The Pearl, for 1830, 8 splendid engravings.

Emma Mortimer, a Moral Tale, by Mrs. Hughs.

Pleasing and Instructive Stories, by Mrs. Hughs.

Stories for Adelaide, by the author of Stories for Emma.

The Boys' Own Book.

The Youths' Keepsake.

Also, for sale as above, all the London and American Annuals. dec. 16—tf

CLOTHING AT COST,

AT NO. 216 MARKET STREET.

THE subscriber will dispose of, at cost, his extensive stock of Ready Made Clothing, until the 15th day of January, when the remainder, if sufficient remains to warrant a sale, will be sold at public sale.

On hand, a handsome assortment of super Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, &c. which he is prepared to make to order, in the most fashionable and satisfactory manner.

Plaid Cloaks at.....$4 50 each.

Cambletds—.....5 50

Super Cambled Congress Wrappers, 20 dollars, usual price 30 dollars. Suspenders, Cravats, Hosiery, &c.

dec. 16—tf JOHN ASHTON.

☞TO-MORROW.☜

THE drawing of the 14th class Union Canal Lottery, will take place to-morrow afternoon, at 4 o'clock. Tickets and shares, signed by the Managers, can be had for nine dollars, by applying at the Farmers' and Mechanics' Lottery office, No. 73 South Third street, first below Dock. A. M. NUTT.

dec. 16—tf

FOR SALE.

A SPLENDID Harp, made by one of the best Manufacturers in Paris. Apply at No. 110 Spruce street, between Third and Fourth streets.

dec. 16—eo3t

MARRIED.

On Sunday, by the Rev. F. S. Ely, Mr. WILLIAM H. SHARPE, to Miss ELIZA QUIER, both of this city.

On Fourth day, the 9th instant, at Friends' Meeting House, Salem, N. J., TOWNSEND HILLIARD, of Philadelphia county, to HANNAH K. PANCOAST, of the former place.

DIED.

On Monday afternoon, in the 55th year of his age, JOSIAH EVANS.

In Washington, about one o'clock on Saturday morning, the 12th inst. the Rev. WILLIAM STAUGHTON, D. D., President of the Georgetown College, in the State of Kentucky, and formerly President of the Columbian College, in the District of Columbia. He had recently accepted the Presidency of the College in Kentucky, and was on his way to that place, when arrested in Washington by the disease which terminated his career on earth.

☞UNION LINE TO BALTIMORE.—Steam Boat Newcastle, leaves Chesnut Street Wharf every day at 10 o'clock, and reaches early next morning, in time for any of the Southern or Western conveyances.

☞CITIZENS' CANAL LINE TO BALTIMORE.—Steam boat William Penn, Capt. Jeffries, departs from Arch street wharf every morning, at seven o'clock. The public are respectfully informed that the barges pass through the Canal, between this and Baltimore, daily. nov. 10—tf

ALMANACK.

1829. DECEMBER.	SUN RISES.	SUN SETS.	HIGH WATER.	MOON'S PHASES.
16 WEDNESDAY...	7 32	4 26	4 32	
17 THURSDAY....	7 32	4 26	5 07	
18 FRIDAY.....	7 33	4 25	7 30	
19 SATURDAY....	7 33	4 25	9 02	
20 SUNDAY.....	7 34	4 25	9 52	
21 MONDAY.....	7 34	4 25	10 32	
22 TUESDAY.....	7 35	4 25	11 08	

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of a writ of Alias Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be sold, at Public Vendue, on Wednesday, December 23, 1829, at 5 o'clock in the evening, at the Merchants' Coffee House,

ALL the ground or frame messuage or tenement, and lot or piece of ground thereunto belonging, situate on the south side of Filbert street, at the distance of 81 feet westward from Delaware Eleventh street, in the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth, on the said Filbert street, fourteen feet six inches, and in length or depth, forty-eight feet bounded on the north by the said Filbert street, on the east by ground now or late of Andrew Bowers, on the south by a three feet wide alley, which communicates with another three feet wide alley, leading into the said Filbert street, and on the west by the last mentioned alley; subject to the payment of a yearly rent charge of fifteen dollars.

Seized and taken in execution to the property of William Bosworth, and to be sold by GEORGE REES, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Philadelphia, Dec. 15, 1829.—15—3t.

LIFE OF SUMMERFIELD.

MEMOIRS of the Life and Ministry of the Rev. John Summerfield, A. M. late a preacher in connexion with the Methodist Episcopal Church; by John Holland—with an introductory letter by James Montgomery.

Sermons by the late Rev. Joseph S. Buckminster, now first published from the author's manuscripts—for sale by E. LITTELL & BROTHER,

dec. 16—d3t corner of Chesnut and Seventh sts.

An Exhibition—No Deception.

CONSISTING of a Mechanical Perpetual Motion, founded on principle and demonstration, the sole production of American Genius, and challenging the world to produce its equal!

To see the machine, and the action of the atmospheric air that pins and keeps it in motion from the moment its parts are brought together, must convince the most incredulous of its simplicity in construction, and its adaptation for important purposes. It has been carefully examined by scientific men, in New York, who have borne testimony to the ingenuity and utility of the discovery. A simple piece of mechanism is erected on the machine, upon which cut or written cards, or a pen, may be placed, which will continually pass in motion. Power may be obtained sufficient for any purpose, and as a working model it will the machine over long till worn out. With the laws of the universe correctly exemplified, the principle holds good, and the wheels revolve.

The inventor and owner of this elastic machine, is Richard Vaughn, of Hudson, Columbia Co. N. Y. who is now exhibiting, for a few days, this image of his genius, at No. 80 Arcade, 1st story, East Avenue.

His exhibition is two shows, there is to be seen exhibited GEOMORAMA, exhibiting over one hundred beautiful views and Curiosities, highly interesting to the Scientific, Philosophic, and the Curious—the Universe, the City of Constantinople, &c.; all of which are represented and seen in their real magnitude and splendor.

Admittance to the whole, (Perpetual Motion included,) 25 cents.

Open every day, Sundays excepted, from 9 A. M. till 10 in the evening. dec. 16—eo4t

THIS DAY

OFFERS a good opportunity to adventurers to purchase prizes in the Union Canal Lottery, which will be Drawn on To-morrow. Capital Prizes, $20,000, two of 10,000, two of $5,000, 4,810—and 10 have 9 drawn Ballots. Tickets at this Office, only $8.

dec. 16—tf L. W. MALLON.

CHEAP EDITIONS.

JUST published and for sale by E. L. CAREY & A. HART, Fourth and Chesnut streets,

Southey's Works, complete in one volume, 8 vo.			
Crabbe's do.	do.	do.	
Byron's do.	do.	do.	
Scott's do.	do.	do.	
Moore's do.	do.	do.	
Wordsworth's do.	do.	do.	
Rodgers', Campbell's, &c.	do.	do.	
Gillies' Greece,	do.	do.	
Ferguson's Rome,	do.	do.	
Johnson's Works,	2,	do.	do.
Paley's Works,	1,	do.	do.
Newton's	1,	do.	do.
Burns'	1,	do.	do.
Pope's	1,	do.	do. dec. 16—tf

BANK OF THE UNITED STATES.

December 16th, 1829.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Stockholders of the bank of the United States, that an election for 20 directors, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at their Banking House, on Monday, the 4th of January next. By order of the Board. W. McILVAINE, Cashier.

Extract from the 2nd article of 11th Section of the act of incorporation.

"Not more than three fourths of the Directors elected by the Stockholders, who shall be in office at the time of an annual election, shall be elected for the next succeeding year, and no Director shall hold his office more than three years, out of four in succession. But the Director who shall be the President at the time of an election may always be re-elected.

dec. 16—d4t

DRAWING.

THE UNION CANAL LOTTERY, Class 14, for 1829, will be drawn at the Arcade on Thursday next, the 17th inst. at 4 o'clock, P. M.

YATES & M'INTYRE, Managers.

dec. 15—3t

Schuylkill Coal—for $7 50 per Ton.

THE Subscribers have for sale Schuylkill Coal, from Lewis's Centre, Ravensdale, Spohn, and other approved Mines, which they will be pleased to deliver at the doors of their customers, at the rate of $7 50 per ton of 2240 lbs.

Egg Coal $8 50 per ton.

Orders left at No. 8 Minor street, and at the wharf of the Subscribers, Callowhill street, Schuylkill, will receive immediate attention.

dec. 15—tf J. R. & J. M. BOLTON.

ANNUALS FOR 1830.

FOR sale by JOHN GRIGG, No. 9 north Fourth street, The Keepsake, The Gem; The Forget-me-not; The Iris; The Literary Souvenir; The Bijou; Winter's Wreath; Friendship's Offering; Amulet; New-Year's Gift; Juvenile Forget-me-not; Token; Atlantic Souvenir; Pearl; Youth's Keepsake; Lady's Library; Gentleman's Library.

Also—Life of Summerfield; Encyclopædia Americana, vol. 1; Lafayette in America; Wa-Ton-Wah; Coleridge's Aids to Reflection; Hall's Travels in America, &c.—All of which will be sold very cheap.

dec. 15—d6t

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of sundry writs of Fieri Facias, to me directed, will be sold, at Public Vendue, on Friday, December 18, 1829, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the residence of James Shaw, old York Road, below Poplar Lane,

A quantity of Household and Kitchen Furniture, consisting of Tables, Bureaus, Chairs, Beds, Bed-steads, Andirons, Shovel and Tongs, Carpets, Window Blinds, &c. &c.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of James Shaw, and to be sold by GEORGE REES, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Philadelphia, Dec. 9, 1829.—15—3t

TO LET,

A new and large three story brick house, finished in the most modern style, and calculated to accommodate a fashionable family. The situation is in Sixth, a few doors above Vine street, and possesses all the advantages of neighbourhood that can be desired. Besides marble mantels in parlours, connected by folding doors, coal grates, Venetian windows, and spacious back buildings, there is a bath house, a cistern and hydrant in the yard; and upon the rear of the lot, which fronts on Julianna street, may be erected a coach house, with all the necessary stabling. Apply at 233 Vine street, between Sixth and Seventh streets.

dec. 15—3t

Sales at Auction.

BY GILLIS, FORD & CO.

29 NORTH FRONT STREET.

PACKAGE SALE

OF BRITISH DRY GOODS.

PATENT SPINNING MACHINES

Philadelphia Suspender Manufactory.
No. 6 SOUTH FOURTH STREET.

THE subscribers respectfully inform their friends and the public generally, that they have removed from No. 26 to No. 6 SOUTH FOURTH STREET, 3d door below Market street, where they manufacture and have constantly on hand, a great variety of silk, worsted and cotton Suspenders, including a general assortment of A. L. VANHORNS' improved and Patented spring roller Suspenders, with Springs attached to the Rollers in front, making them, in point of ease and durability, far superior to the Roller Suspenders formerly used.

Also, a general assortment of silk, hair and patent leather stocks, Russian belts, Vest springs, Corset stiffners, &c. all of which they will dispose of on the most reasonable terms, Wholesale and Retail.

VANHORN & PIMM.

N. B. On hand, and for sale at very reduced prices, an assortment of superior pocket books. oct 13—tf

PIANO FORTE

Manufactory and Warerooms,

N. W. corner of Market and Eighth streets.

E. N. SCHERR, not the less active (because of situation so separatively retired,) in his very best exertions to gratify the eye and ear, and hence, unwilling to come short of the public's friendly notice, (without entering into profuse and tiresome detail,) would just remind his friends and the public generally, that his Warerooms displays a new and extensive assortment of the first style of Pianos, variously designed, possessing the wonted excellence of tone peculiar to his instruments, for the universal approbation of which, tested by the most liberal patronage, he takes pleasure in tendering his warmest thanks.

P. S. Pianos carefully, neatly, and promptly repaired, and old Pianos taken in part pay for new.
sept. 26—tf

MERCANTILE ACADEMY.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs the Ladies and Gentlemen that he continues to give lessons in Penmanship, in a superior style to any other taught in this city, and to write with double the facility of any other system taught in the Union. Specimens of improvement will warrant the above. From twelve to thirty lessons will enable a person to write a good bold hand, and three lessons will show the great utility of this system over all others.

N. B. His rooms are open from 8, A. M., to 10, P. M. Ladies write in a separate room. Evening classes for ladies and gentlemen are open.

BOOK-KEEPING.

He also informs that he has completed his new treatise on Book-keeping and its superiority over all other systems is fully tested by Merchants and Book-keepers of the first taste; his system and perfect mercantile manner of instruction will enable his students to acquire in from 10 to 20 Lessons generally, a superior knowledge of the science. His long practice in teaching and faithful study, together with the examination of more than one hundred sets of books, in the first counting-houses in this city, enable him to give a superior form of Books, and most extensive explanation on this very important science. R. MEGONEGAL,

No. 208 Race street, opposite Franklin Square.

Reference will be given to Accountants and Merchants of the first standing. july 9—tf

LADIES, MISSES AND CHILDREN'S
BEAVER HATS.

A HANDSOME assortment of Ladies, Misses and Children's Beaver Hats, of the following colours—Black, Pawn, Blue, White, light and dark Purple and Brown, of the most fashionable shapes. For sale at BUILKLEYS',
149 Chesnut street, opposite the U. S. Bank.
nov. 10—tf

SWAIM'S PANACEA.

PRICE TWO DOLLARS PER BOTTLE.

TO THE PUBLIC.

IN consequence of the numerous frauds and impositions practised in reference to my medicine, I am this indeed to change the form of my BOTTLES. In future, the PANACEA will be put in round bottles, fluted longitudinally, with the following words, blown in the glass, "SWAIM'S PANACEA, PHILADA," as represented above.

These bottles are much stronger than those heretofore used, and will have but one label, which covers the cork, with my own signature on it, so that the cork cannot be drawn without destroying the signature, without which none is genuine. The medicine may consequently be known to be genuine when my signature is visible; *to counterfeit which, will be punishable as forgery.*

The increasing demand for this celebrated medicine has enabled me to reduce the price to TWO DOLLARS per bottle, thus bringing it within the reach of the indigent.

My Panacea requires no encomium; Its astonishing effects and wonderful operation have drawn, both from Patients and Medical Practitioners of the highest respectability, the most unqualified approbation, and established for it a character which Envy's pen, though dipped in gall, can never tarnish.

The false reports concerning this valuable medicine, which have been so diligently circulated by certain Physicians, have their origin either in ENVY, or in the mischievous effects of the SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

The Proprietor pledges himself to the Public, and gives them the most solemn assurances, that this medicine contains neither mercury nor any other deleterious drug.

The Public are cautioned not to purchase my Panacea, except from myself, my accredited agents, or persons of known respectability; and all those will consequently be without excuse, who shall purchase from any other persons. WM. SWAIM,
No. 221 CHESNUT STREET.
September, 1829.

CERTIFICATES.

FROM DR. N. CHAPMAN,
Professor of the Institutes and Practice of Physic, and Clinical Practice in the University of Pennsylvania, President of the Academy of Medicine of Philadelphia, &c.

I have, within the last two years, had an opportunity of seeing several cases of very inveterate ulcers, which, having resisted previously the regular modes of treatment, were healed by the use of Mr. Swaim's Panacea, and I do believe, from what I have seen, that it will prove an important remedy in scrofulous, venereal, and mercurial diseases. N. CHAPMAN, M. D.

FROM DR. W. GIBSON,
Professor of Surgery in the University of Pennsylvania, Surgeon and Clinical Lecturer to the Alms House Infirmary, &c. &c.

I have employed the Panacea of Mr. Swaim in numerous instances, within the last three years, and have always found it extremely efficacious, especially in secondary syphilis and in mercurial disease. I have no hesitation in pronouncing it a medicine of inestimable value. W. GIBSON, M. D.

FROM DR. VALENTINE MOTT,
Professor of Surgery in the University of New York, Surgeon of the New York Hospital, &c. &c.

I have repeatedly used Swaim's Panacea, both in the Hospital and in private practice, and have found it to be a valuable Medicine in Chronic, Syphilitic and Scrofulous complaints, and in obstinate cutaneous affections.
VALENTINE MOTT, M. D.

FROM DR. WILLIAM P. DEWEES,
Adjunct Professor of Midwifery in the University of Pennsylvania, &c. &c.

I have much pleasure in saying I have witnessed the most decided and happy effects in several instances of inveterate disease from Mr. Swaim's Panacea, where other remedies had failed—one was that "Mrs. Brown."*
WILLIAM P. DEWEES, M. D.

* See Book of Cases, page 53.

CAUTION TO PURCHASERS.

This Medicine had been used for more than 7 years before an effort was made to imitate it, but the great demand for it, and its wonderful success, have induced a great number of persons to imitate it in various ways—upwards of fifty different mixtures have been got up in imitation of it, which is a convincing proof of its being a medicine of great value. Some are selling Sarsaparilla and other syrups, imposing them on the ignorant for the Panacea; others are mixing the genuine medicine with molasses, &c. making three bottles out of one, thus retaining some of its virtues; others are using the genuine Panacea in their bottles to perform cures, to obtain confidence to give their own a reputation, &c.—Some have even resorted to perjury to deceive the public. These imitations and adulterations have, in many instances, protracted the sufferings of patients in disease where the genuine Swaim's Panacea would have proved beneficially efficacious. I therefore deem it a duty I owe the public to state them, that the composition of my Panacea is not known, nor was it ever communicated to any other person in any way whatever, and consequently, that all other mixtures represented to be mine, are fraudulent imputations. WILLIAM SWAIM.
Sold by every respectable Druggist in the Union.
jan. 17—6m

FOR SALE
CHEAP,

A FIRST rate plated Gig, made to order; it can be seen at Amos Howell's, corner of Eighth and Arch streets. For particulars, apply at No. 37 Market street. june 1—tf

SUMATRA PEPPER.

20 CASES SUPERIOR GUM COPAL.
100 KEGS REFINED SALT PETRE, (100 lbs. each.)
100 BARRELS ALUM.
20 do. BLUE VITRIOL.
10 do. CAYENNE CLOVES.
60 hhds. ENGLISH PARIS WHITE, very superior.
20 do. CAYENNE COCOA.
100 BAGS COLUMBO ROOT.
LAGUIRA COFFEE.
TORTOISE SHELL. For sale by
HACKER, BROWN & CO.
oct. 27—tf No. 56 South Front Street.

To Country Merchants and Others.

THE SUBSCRIBER has just received and offers for sale,
100 boxes Malaga raisons,
8 bales soft shelled almonds,
200 bushels ground nuts, 15 bags filberts,
20 barrels cream nuts, 50 drums figs,
25 boxes rock candy, 10 cases stamped licorice,
10 casks currants, 4 cases citron,
5000 fresh cocoa nuts,
5 cases press'd Canton ginger,
80 mats fresh cinnamon,
20,000 first quality Spanish segars,
20 bottles superior salad oil.

Also, olives, capers, anchovies, cordials, wine bitters, oranges, lemons, and a few jars Katoba grapes, sweet chocolate, &c. with a large and general assortment of CONFECTIONARY, warranted to carry any distance—For sale by MICHAEL TRACY,
At his new Confectionary and Fruit Store, No. 287 Market street, between Seventh and Eighth, opposite Van Heukirk's Hotel. oct. 5—tf

TO MANUFACTURERS.

THE Subscribers having the Agency for the sale of MACHINE CARDS, will execute Orders, and have them delivered in this City free of expense or risk, from the Manufactories of W. WHITTEMORE & Co., J. & J. A. SMITH & Co., ISAAC SOUTHGATE & Co., SILAS EARLE, PLINY EARLE, and JONES & WOOD, all of Massachusetts.

They also keep on hand an extensive assortment of SHEET and FILLET CARDS, together with WHITTEMORE'S, SMITH'S, SARGEANT'S, & EARLE'S HAND CARDS, both for Cotton and Wool. Apply at their Hardware and Cutlery Store, No. 149 Market street, Philadelphia. G. M. & G. R. JUSTICE.

Comb Plate, Cleaning Combs, Fullers' Jacks, may also be had of them. july 12—div

REMOVAL.

NATHANIEL E. WARWICK, Merchant Tailor, respectfully informs his friends and customers in general, that he has removed from No. 54 North Fifth street, to No. 108 NORTH THIRD STREET, 5 doors below Race; where he intends to keep a handsome assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, &c., which will be made up to order at the shortest notice, and in the most fashionable manner.

N. B. Clothing made and trimmed for those who wish to furnish their own cloth. april 2—tf

U. S. & CITY ESTABLISHMENT.
OLD STAND
No. 90 Cherry street, two doors below Sixth street,
A. G. RICHARDS

RESPECTFULLY returns his sincere thanks to "THE LADIES" of this and other cities throughout the Union, for past favors, and is happy to acknowledge the particular and flattering notice taken of his SUPERIOR MANNER of WASHING and DRESSING of CASHMERE, MERINO and CANTON CRAPE SHAWLS, SILK, SATINS, &c. &c. WARRANTING the COLOURS NOT TO FADE, and LOOKING EQUAL TO NEW.

N. B. A. G. R. with pleasure informs his friends and the public, that he has received from Europe, by a late arrival at New York, a fresh supply of materials for setting colors, superior to any he has ever used, which will, of course, enable him to give his work a greater *degree of elegance.*

THREAD and SILK LACE washed and mended, as usual. april 7—1y

New and Cheap Grocery Establishment.
NO. 15 NORTH SECOND STREET.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public in general, that he has re-commenced the GROCERY business, WHOLESALE and RETAIL, at the new store, No. 15 North Second street, corner of Jones' Alley;—where he has on hand and offers for sale, a general assortment of articles in the above line, consisting of young hyson, imperial and gunpowder teas, of the very first quality; pow-doop and souchong do.; Mocha coffee, green and white Laguira do., with a general assortment of other coffees; brown sugar, Lea Clarke and Lea's steam lump and loaf sugar, refined without blood; nutmegs, mace, cloves, cinnamon, ginger, pepper and allspice; Baker's chocolate, rock candy, winter and summer oil, sweet oil, in bottles and flasks; 62 quarter boxes very superior old Havana segars; Spanish olives in jars, Muscatel and bloom raisins, in boxes, half boxes and kegs, soft shelled almonds; cognac brandy, 1st and 4th proof; Antaugnac do.; Champaigne do.; Holland gin, of a very superior quality; Jamaica spirits, 1st and 4th proof; New England do.; apple and rye whiskey; pure Monongahela do. Madeira, Sherry, Port, Teneriffe and Lisbon wines; Champaigne do., in bottles; sweet Malaga do. all kinds of cordials—with a variety of other articles too tedious to enumerate; all of which will be sold on the most reasonable terms, by
nov. 6—tf JOSEPH RICHARDS.

COFFEE, RELISHES, &C, &C.

WILL be served up at the PHILADELPHIA CONFECTIONARY, North East Corner of Seventh and Walnut streets, every day during the cold season, from 6 o'clock in the morning, until 10 o'clock in the evening. oct. 7—tf

JAMES CLARK

OFFERS for sale, at No. 137 South Front street, a variety of Books, Paper and Stationary. Also, Slates, Slate Pencils, Lead Pencils, Red and Black Ink, Ink Powders, Ink Stands, Wafers and Sealing Wax, Bills of Lading, Shipping Articles, Manifests, Seamen's Journals, &c.

Patent Blank Books ruled to any pattern, and bound in a superior style as at new, or at the Bindery, over No. 25 Market street.

Rags taken in exchange for any of the above articles.
sept. 30—6m

CHARLES & J. H. BULKLEY,
HAT MANUFACTURERS.

☞ OLD STAND, 61 South Third street, opposite Girard's Bank.
☞ NEW STORE, 149 Chesnut street, one door East of the United States Hotel, and opposite the United States Bank. aug. 12—tf

W. H. MOORE, UNDERTAKER,
No. 102 and 179 Arch street, between Fifth and Sixth streets.

THE subscriber returns his sincere thanks to his friends and the public generally, for the great preference which has been bestowed on him and his Warehouse. The subscriber also respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he still continues to keep a general assortment of COFFINS ALWAYS ON HAND. Also, stuff of every description on hand, which can be made to order. The whole business of FUNERALS will be attended to, if desired, on unusual low terms; such as furnishing Hearses, Carriages, Shrouds, Winding-sheets, Crapes, Gloves, Ice Boxes, &c.

The subscriber's intention is to devote his whole study to the above named business.

A quantity of Coffin stuff always on hand, which can be afforded very low. N. B. Attendance at all hours, night and day. april 18—1y

30,000 DOLLARS

FOR NINE DOLLARS, SHARES IN PROPORTION. Union Canal Lottery Office, No. 164 South Fourth street. The 14th class, Union Canal Lottery, will be drawn in this city, on Thursday, the 17th December.

BRILLIANT SCHEME.

1 prize of	$30,000	10 prizes of	$600
2	10,000	10	500
2	5,000	10	300
1	4,210	28	200
10	1,000		

Besides many of $100, 90, 80, 70, &c. amounting to 273,760. Tickets 9 dollars, shares in proportion.

All orders, by post or otherwise, executed promptly, and postage free to the purchaser. Apply to, or address WM. D. GONTER,
nov. 28—tf No. 164 South Fourth street.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the Estate of JOSEPH M. PAUL, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate, to present them, for settlement, to
JOHN PAUL,
JOHN PAUL, Jr.
THOMAS C. PRICE, } Executors.
ROWLAND JONES,
dec. 2—1m

B. BATOUCHE,

RESTAURATEUR, 142 CHESNUT STREET,

HAS the honour to inform the gentlemen of this city, that he can supply large dinner and supper Parties. His house is well furnished, and he can dine fifty persons in one parlour. His stock of Old Wines is good and abundant. Those gentlemen that wish to furnish their own Wines, can do so at a small charge. Any gentleman ordering Dinner can have the bill of fare the day previous.

BALLS AND WEDDINGS
Can be supplied at two days' notice, viz:
Boiled Turkey, decorated with jelly.
Beef a la Mode, ... do.
Large Game Pie, ... do.
Tongues, ... do.
Larded Partridges, ... do.
Pheasants, ... do.
Chickens, Terrapins, Pickled Oysters.

DINNER PARTIES ABROAD.
Three different kinds of Soup.
SIDE DISHES.
Oyster Pie—Partridge Pie.
Fillet of Chickens en Surprise.
Croquet of Chickens.
Fricandeau of Veal.
Salmi de Canard.
Chicken Salad.
Chartreuse de Perdrix.
Cotelette a la Maintenon.
Au pick des Fillets de Faisan.

Good Servants will be provided for dinner parties, either at home or abroad. nov. 26—tf

A CARD.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs the ladies and gentlemen of Philadelphia, that she has on hand an elegant assortment of fancy stationary, fancy articles, &c. Persons are requested to call and examine the articles for sale at the established stand, No. 68 South Third street, before purchasing elsewhere.
S. HART,
dec. 14—3t Opposite Girard's Bank.

ANDREWS' DROLLERIES,

PRICE 6 CENTS.

THIS day is published by NEAL & MACKENZIE, 201 Chesnut street, between the Theatre and Arcade, ANDREWS' DROLLERIES, containing several new popular Comic Songs, sung at the different Theatres in this city; among them will be found, the Poachers, as sung by Mr. Andrews; New Baron Munchausen, as sung by Mr. Sloman; "Etiquette," or the King of Arragon as sung by Mr. Jefferson; Long Tails and Little Tails, as sung by Mr. Andrews; The Tea Tax" A Yankee Song, sung by Mr. Andrews; Little Pigs, A Glee, as sung by Messrs. Andrews, Fisher and Walton, Old King Cole, A Glee, sung by Messrs. Andrews, Fisher and Walton; Ladies' Pope Bonnets, sung by Mr. Sloman; I'm a Man that Loves a Good Song, sung by Mr. Andrews, &c. &c.
dec. 14—tf

FISHER ON SMALL POX.

JUST received and for sale by E. L. CAREY & A. HART, Fourth and Chesnut streets, Description of the Distinct, Confluent and Inoculated Small Pox, Varioloid Disease, Cow Pox, and Chicken Pox. By John D. Fisher, 4to. illustrated by thirteen plates.

Also, Edward's Materia Medica, Horner's Pathological Anatomy, Good's Study of Medicine, Saissy on the Ear, Turner's Chemistry, &c. dec. 14—tf

A SINGULAR FACT.

SYLVESTER again has the pleasure of informing his friends and customers, that he has sold three capitals, all whole tickets in the Lottery, numbers this morning received. Also, half ticket, 6 20 37. The holders will please call and renew their prizes in the Union Canal Lottery, which will be drawn next Thursday. Capital 30,000 dollars.
S. SYLVESTER,
dec. 14—tf 201 South Third street.

NEW BOOKS.

ROBINSON'S Greek and English Lexicon of the new Testament; Gibb's Manual Hebrew Lexicon; Stuart's Commentary on the Hebrews; Krusti on Interpretation; Pascal's Thoughts on Religion; Pascal's Provincial Letters, for sale by
R. GURLEY,
253 Market street, opposite Decatur street.
dec. 14—tf

R. Manley & Co. 104 *South street,*

OFFER to their country customers Lottery Tickets, in all duly authorized Lotteries, ten per cent. cheaper than any other office in the city. That is to say: 10 dollar tickets at 9. 5 do. do. at 4 50, which is a reduction of 10 per cent.

All our country friends, inclosing cash, will be served the same as if present, and the choicest numbers picked out for them.

Manley & Co. deal more extensively with country people than any other office, because they sell cheaper, and good prizes, viz.—

Nos. 15 31 34, half, $10,000, to a lady in Delaware county.

Nos. 10 28 40, quarter, $6,000, to a person in Montgomery county.

Nos. 6 9 35, quarter, $2,000, to coloured man, in Radnor, Delaware county, Pa.

Union Canal Lottery of Pennsylvania, Class No. 14, for 1829 draws in this city, on Thursday, 17th December, 1829. 60 number Lottery, 9 drawn ballots.

SCHEME.

1 of	$30,000	10 of	$500
2	10,000	10	400
2	5000	10	300
1	4210	28	200
10	1000	51	100
10	600		

And many other valuable prizes.

Price of Tickets $10. We sell them at 9.
dec. 10—tf

THE AMERICAN
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

DAILY make INSURANCE on property of every description, from LOSS or DAMAGE BY FIRE, on terms as reasonable and LIBERAL as any similar Institution in the United States.

Applications at the Office, No. 101 CHESNUT STREET, either personally or by letter, promptly decided on. JOB BACON, Secretary.
nov 7—tf

BINDERS' PLOUGH KNIVES.

JUST received and for sale, at No. 8 South Front street, 4th door below Market, BINDERS' PLOUGH KNIVES, at 6 dollars per dozen.
nov. 24—tf

J. W. WILLIAMS,
No. 23 CHESNUT STREET,
SIGN & ORNAMENTAL PAINTER.
march 14—tf

WILSON'S PATENT

SQUARE, and instructions in the art of cutting garments agreeably to his system, engraving of the report of fashions, accompanied with directions for making up the same, to be had at the Agent's Office No. 80 North Third street. nov. 2—tf

$30,000 FOR $9.

UNION CANAL LOTTERY draws next Thursday, in which 30,000 dollars may be had for 9 only. Sixty Number Lottery, nine drawn ballots.

SPLENDID CAPITALS.

1 prize of	$30,000	10 prizes of	$600
2	10,000	10	500
2	5,000	10	400
1	4,210	10	300
10	1,000	28	200

And 51 prizes of 100, besides many others too numerous to mention.

Tickets in the above Lottery can be had at FULLER & BARSTOW'S Lucky Office, No. 135 Chesnut street, for 9 dollars, and shares in proportion—where were sold last week, the following, viz:—

10	41	47, a prize of	$1,000
15	20	35	1,000
42	54	58	1,000

New York Consolidated Lottery, Class No. 18, for 1829, to be drawn the 30th of Dec. with a capital of $15,000. Tickets only 5. Sixty Number Lottery—Ten drawn ballots. FULLER & BARSTOW,
dec. 12—tf 135 Chesnut street.

LONDON ANNUALS.

ACKERMANN'S Juvenile Forget-me-Not, for 1830; The Youth's Keepsake, do.; The Pearl, for do.

A Geographical Present, being Descriptions of the Principal Countries of the World. By M. A. Venning, with coloured plates.

Tales from American History, containing the principal facts in the Life of Christopher Columbus.

The American Common Place Book of Prose. A collection of Eloquent and Interesting Extracts from the Writings of American Authors. By G. B. Cheever.

For sale by E. LITTELL & BROTHER,
dec. 12—tf Corner of Chesnut and 7th st.

JEPHSON'S FLUXIONS.

A LONDON copy of "The Fluxional Calculus, an elementary treatise designed for the use of Students of the Universities, by Thomas Jephson, B. D." for sale. Inquire at this office.
dec. 12—1w

REMOVAL.
G. W. WATSON,
COACH AND HARNESS MAKER,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he has removed from No. 40 Prune street to the establishment built expressly for Coach Making, at the junction of York and Laurel streets, Philadelphia, immediately in the vicinity and nearly opposite the Mansion House Hotel; where, from its being central, and on a more enlarged and convenient plan for business than the place formerly occupied by him, he hopes, by unremitting exertions, to receive a continuance of the patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed.

Orders intrusted to his care shall receive his best attention as to taste, excellence of materials and workmanship, and will be executed with the strictest punctuality and dispatch. N. B. Particular attention paid to repairs. FOR SALE.

One new gig, silver mounted, three second-hand do. two second-hand dearborns, one second-hand coachee.
nov. 10—ditf

THE KEEPSAKE, FOR 1830.

JUST received and for sale by E. L. CAREY & A. HART, Fourth and Chesnut streets—

The KEEPSAKE, for 1830, edited by F. Manuel Reynolds, embellished with eighteen splendid fine Engravings, by the first Artists.

LIST OF THE PLATES.

1. Portrait of Lady Georgiana Agar Ellis, engraved by C. Heath, from a painting by Sir Thos. Lawrence.
2. Dorothea—engraved by Englehart, from a painting by Stephanoff.
3. Presentation Plate—engraved by Mitan, from a painting by Stothard.
4. George of Aspen and Isabella—engraved by Mitchell, from a painting by Stephanoff.
5. Isabella and Gertrude—engraved by Bacon, from a painting by Chalon.
6. Virginia Water—engraved by Wallis, from a painting by Wallis.
7. Virginia Water—do. do.
8. Cassandi—engraved by Goodyear, from a painting by Stephanoff.
9. The Widow of Emo—engraved by Rolls, from a painting by De Veris.
10. Princess Doris and the Pilgrims—engraved by Heath, from a painting by Wilkie.
11. Zilla—engraved by Heath, from a painting by Corbould.
12. The Bride—engraved by Heath, from a painting by Leslie.
13. Venice.
14. The Faithful Servant.
15. Francis the 1st, and his Sister.
16. The Portrait.
17. The Hall of the Castle.
18. The Prophet of Saint Paul's.

THE GEM—thirteen fine Plates.
JUVENILE KEEPSAKE.
LITERARY SOUVENIR.
AMULET, FORGET-ME-NOT, FRIENDSHIP'S OFFERING; The IRIS; ATLANTIC SOUVENIR; PEARL, &c. dec. 14—tf

THE SIAMESE BOYS!!!

HAVE been said to be Animals "*Sui generis,*" in Natural or Physiological Science—PARADIGIES in *Nature*—but, IN ARTIFICIAL and the mathematical Sciences we have wonders of the SAME CHARACTER, by the *Juxta* position of—*numbers* E. g. If you had bought of us the ticket having 19, 28, 44, in *mathematical* order, you *would* have had $30,000 dollars, and as you left it until TOO LATE, WE need not advise you of your LOSS. We have now NUMEROUS MORE HAPPY combinations, than witnessed in the

SIAMESE BOYS;

and which we will afford at our usual discount.—Come then to view the *prodigies;* only $10 for $30,000 at a *single sight;* SEASON TICKETS IN PROPORTION.

Ten per cent discount to those who generally deal with us, and a *sight* of course into the bargain. Others to the contrary, notwithstanding we deal in prizes.

CLINTON & CO. Lottery and Exchange Brokers, Lafayette Office, (late Kennedy & Co's.) No. 53, S. Third street, opposite the Mail Stage Office, and third door below Congress Hall, Philadelphia; where have been sold and paid more prizes than at any other Office in Philadelphia. dec. 4—tf

$30,000 FOR $9 ONLY,

TO BE HAD AT RAMBORGER'S OFFICE.

UNION CANAL LOTTERY, Class No. 14, for 1829, to be drawn in the city of Philadelphia, on Thursday, the 17th of December, 1829. Yates & M'Intyre, Managers. Sixty No. Lottery—nine drawn Ballots.

SCHEME.

1 prize of	$30,000	51 prizes of	$100
2	10,000	51	90
2	5,000	51	80
1	4,210	51	70
10	1,000	102	60
10	600	102	50
10	500	102	40
10	400	204	30
10	300	1122	20
22	200	11475	10

Tickets $9; halves 4 50; quarters 2 25, eighths 1 12½. Tickets and shares for sale at reduced prices, at RAMBORGER'S
Arcade Lottery Office, Fortune's Own Abode, N. E. corner of Decatur and Carpenter streets, back of the Arcade. dec. 14—tf

W. BURTON'S
BOTTLED PORTER, ALE AND CIDER STORE,
S. W. Corner of Chesnut and Second streets,

where the above articles, of very best quality, are constantly kept for Exportation or Home Consumption.

Also, his IMPERIAL, which is so highly approved of, being a very pleasant and wholesome beverage.
oct. 17—tf

PENMANSHIP,

Or the Art of Learning to Write in a short time.
INVENTED FOR THE UTILITY OF COMMERCE.

THE important advantages of acquiring the Art of Writing by this new discovery, as its natural tendency to elegance, LEGIBILITY and rapidity of execution, in the short term of 12 LESSONS, and the subsequent assurance and command of the PEN.

☞ Tuition by an experienced Penman. Only 5 admitted in a class, and none under the age of 16.

"Should months be wasted, years be thrown away,
In learning that which scarce requires a day?"

For other particulars enquire at No. 61 ARCADE.
dec. 14—1m

GILLINGHAM, MITCHELL & CO.
NO. 22 NORTH SECOND STREET,

HAVE at private sale, entitled to debenture, 5000 pieces long yellow nankeens, very superior quality.

10 cases 7-8 orange checked ginghams.
12 do. 4-4 high coloured Scotch ddk5.
1 do. turkey red do.
4 do. blue, black, brown, one olive superfine cloths.
dec. 14—d1m

AGAIN.

27 30 56. A prize of $2025, as usual, was sold at the Farmers' and Mechanics' Lottery and Exchange Office, No. 73 South Third street. A. M. NUTT.

The Union draws on Thursday. Capital $30,000.
dec. 14—tf

DIAGRAMS OF THE HUMAN EYE.

VIEWS of the Principal Blood Vessels of the Human Body, for sale by
E. LITTELL & BROTHER,
dec. 14—tf Corner of Chesnut and Seventh sts.

JOHN MONELL TAILOR,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he still continues the above business at his old established stand, No. 20 South Third street, where he will be happy to furnish all articles in his line on the most reasonable terms.

☞ Six or eight Pantaloon and Vest makers wanted as above. june 6—tf

Turner's New Dramatic Repository.

FORREST, Cooper, Mrs. Sloman, Miss Clara Fisher, Mr and Mrs. Pearson, Mrs. Austin, Miss Kelly, Sloman, Finn, &c.—All the Plays, &c. in which these celebrated Actors perform, may be had at Turner's New Dramatic Repository, No. 9 Arcade; and nearly all the popular Tragedies, Comedies, Operas, Melo Dramas, and Farces, acted in America.

A few copies of the Hypocrite; Merchant's Wedding; Evadne; Cinwalton; Richelieu; Tempest; Hamlet; Othello; Macbeth; King Lear; Virginius; Brutus; Damon and Pythias; William Tell; Pizarro; Deaf and Dumb; Paul Pry; Stranger; As you Like it, &c. &c.

Also, Bloss's New Comic Song Books, containing all the popular and admired songs of Sloman, Bloss, Andrews, Roberts, and all the choice Spirits of the Age. The Stage Coach; Tippy; Brown's Comic Songster; New Medley of Sentimental and Comic Songs; Theatrical Budget, Torpedo-horse; Sloman's and Bloss's Drolleries, &c. &c.
nov. 19—tf

A FEW CHILDREN

CAN have genteel boarding, in a healthy and pleasant neighborhood. Inquire at this office.
nov. 23—1m4w

COTTON AND WOOL CARDS.

150 BOXES cotton and wool Cards, for sale low, by G. M. & G. R. JUSTICE,
aug. 12—tf No. 149 Market street.

SHAKSPEARE REFECTORY
AND OYSTER ESTABLISHMENT,
North-West Corner of Sixth and Chesnut Streets.

THE Subscribers respectfully inform their friends and the public, that they have fitted up the above establishment in first rate style, and hope, by attention, and keeping superior articles of each kind, in season, that they will merit a share of public patronage. They are determined that nothing in their power shall be wanting to make it a first rate establishment.

The following articles may be had, at any hour in the day:—

Ham,	Boned Turkey,
Chickens,	Ducks,
Venison,	Beef-Steaks,
Mutton Chops,	Veal Cutlets,
Pork Chops,	Omlets,
Corn'd Beef,	Ham and Eggs,
Terrapins,	Game,
Stewed Pigs' Feet,	Stewed Tripe,
Chicken Pie,	Oyster Pie,
Apple Pie,	Apple Tarts,
Pear Tarts,	Cranberry Tarts,
Cream Tarts,	Blackmange,
Cup Custards.	

Tea, Coffee, and Chocolate, Oysters in every variety of cooking; Oysters put up for exportation, suitable to all climates; Dinners and Suppers prepared for families, parties, and societies, on the shortest notice, and on reasonable terms; Pastrys, Preserves, Jellies, &c. &c.

N. B. A large room for Parties.
dec. 7—tf T. & R. SMITH.

WILLIAM RICHARDSON,

UMBRELLA MANUFACTURER, No. 6 South Third street, West side, offers for sale, at the *lowest prices,* wholesale and retail, a large and complete assortment of UMBRELLAS and PARASOLS, of the most approved fashions, comprising every variety of colour and finish; among which are, *VERY LIGHT SUPERIOR UMBRELLAS, WITH BAMBOO, OR EAST INDIA HANDLES,* handsome finish.

Also, *SUPER PARASOLS, WITH ELEGANT CARVED HANDLES* and extra plated mountings, warranted to retain the colour, and wear equal to silver.

All goods retailed, kept in repair one year, free of charge. Brown and other coloured silk, for sale.

Also, ivory in lots to suit purchasers. june 25—ostf

PAPER WAREHOUSE.

DULL & WHITE have for sale at their Paper Warehouse, No. 4 Decatur street, Imperial, Super Royal, Royal, and Medium printing paper, of various qualities.

Foolscap, No. 1 2 and 3.
Quarto Post, No. 1 2 and 3.
Folio and Bank Post.
Bonnet Boards, Bookbinders' Boards.
Trunk Boards, Box Boards, &c.
Hanging Paper, Hardware, &c.
Wrapping Paper, of various sizes.

Together with a complete variety of Paper, all of which will be sold at the lowest prices for cash, or approved paper. aug. 21—tf

THE PENNSYLVANIA
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
FOR INSURANCE AGAINST
LOSS BY FIRE.

Capital authorized by Law $400,000
CHARTER PERPETUAL.

THE PUBLIC are respectfully informed that this Company continue to make INSURANCE, either Permanent or Limited, on Property and effects at every description, against Loss or Damage by FIRE, on terms as *liberal* as any similar Institution. By its Charter it is confined to the single object of INSURING PROPERTY ON LAND, OR LYING IN PORT, from loss by Fire, and affords the best security against the distress and ruin too often occasioned by the ravages of that destructive element.

Applications made personally, or by letter, at the Office, No. 124 WALNUT STREET, between Fifth and Sixth streets, Philadelphia, will be promptly attended to. JONATHAN SMITH, *Secretary.*
april 7—tf

BEDDING WAREHOUSE,
AND VENITIAN BLIND MANUFACTORY,
No. 102 WALNUT, between 4th and 5th streets.
MOSS & WALTON

RESPECTFULLY inform their friends and the public, that they have now on hand, and they intend constantly to keep a good stock of first rate, well dried SOUTHERN FEATHERS, for Beds, and the best CURLED HAIR, for Mattresses.

Also, the first quality ENGLISH and DOMESTIC TICKING.

M. & W. beg to assure those who may favor them with their orders, that they may rely upon having every article in the above line, of the best materials and workmanship, *AT THE LOWEST PRICES.*

VENITIAN BLINDS, with new and ornamental fronts, painted in green and fancy colors, warranted of the best materials, at reduced prices.

N. B. WINDOW CURTAINS and BED FURNITURES made up and fixed according to designs of the latest London and Parisian Fashions.

CARPETS and FLOOR MATTING neatly fitted.
jan. 1—tf

FAIRCHILD'S SURE REMEDY
FOR THE CURE OF

Scrofula or King's Evil, Syphilis, or Venereal and Mercurial diseases, Rheumatism, Ulcers, White Swellings, diseases of the Liver and Skin, general debility, and all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood.

THE Proprietor of this Medicine has felt much reluctance in ushering it to the public, and nothing but the fullest conviction of its utility and importance, aided by the solicitation of his friends, could have induced him to bring it forward at this period, when the many-headed Panacea monsters are so much in vogue.

The Proprietor claims no merit to himself for the discovery, it having been the result of accident, the Medicine being a tincture prepared from one single herb.

It is too well known to admit of doubt or uncertainty, that all the popular Panaceas of the present day, owe their active qualities to the mercurial preparations which enter into their composition; and the too frequent baneful effects, resulting from their incautious use, are daily developing themselves, and gradually dispelling the illusions which had been erased in their favour. Being well aware of the abusive use of mercury in all its preparations, and of the necessity of its being used only under the prescription and advice of a Medical Practitioner, the Proprietor would feel himself awfully responsible, in recommending to his fellow men, a medicine which contained deleterious substances, that would endanger their health and lives. He solemnly assures the public, and pledges himself, that his Remedy contains no mercurial or mineral preparation whatever, but is, as observed before, composed of the tincture formed of one single herb. Much might be said in its praise, and many certificates of its efficacy and value be given to the public, but this is deemed unnecessary, as the article will be found to recommend and establish for itself a character, by its own intrinsic merit and virtue. It is therefore confidently recommended to the public for